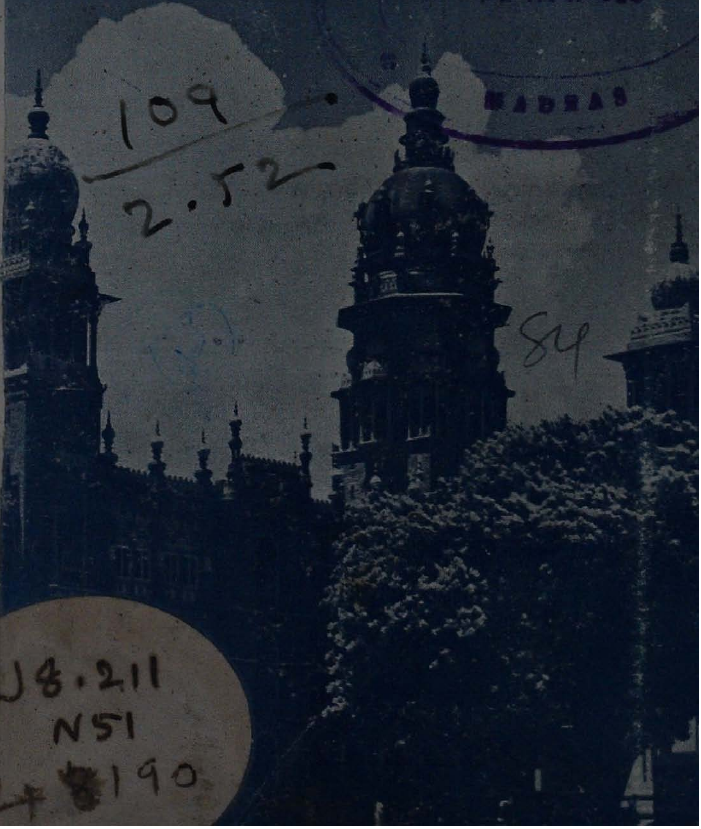
Madras

A GUIDE



09

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF ...
18 APR 1952
MADRAS

109
2.52

84

U8.211
N51
190

FRONTISPIECE

The Madras Marina is a miracle of loveliness; its bay lies blue and green like the wings of a peacock, mottled with myriad diamond points, beneath a brilliant sky.

MADRAS

The Emerald City by the Sea

A GUIDE

Edited and Published
BY
S. VISWANATHAN

First Edition: November 1951

48190

Copies can be had of

Messrs. Higginbothams Ltd.,
Mount Road, Madras and their stalls,

The Book Centre,
1/155 Mount Road, Madras
and
All prominent booksellers.

or direct from the Publisher

S. Viswanathan
"Acton Lodge"
11, McNichol Road
Chetput, Madras 10

Printed & Published by S. Viswanathan at the Central Art Press, "Acton Lodge", 11 McNichol Road, Chetput, Madras 10

A Brief History of Madras

Over a period of three hundred and twelve years Madras has grown and developed from the tiny fort settlement of St. George to the highly concentrated and cosmopolitan city that it is today with its many adjoining suburbs.

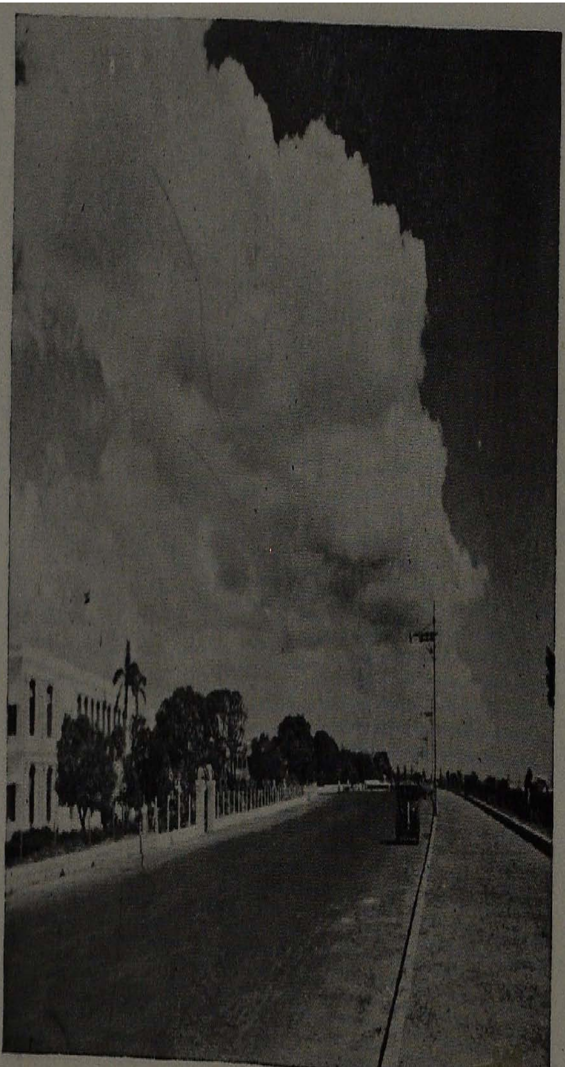
After incorporation of the East India Company in 1600, some trading was initiated in Surat in Western India while further exploration of business possibilities in the vast sub-continent led other members to the east coast where their Dutch competitors were already well established. Attempts at settling in the neighbouring areas of Masulipatam, Pulicat and Armagaon with only minor success left the English merchants unsatisfied and eager to secure a more propitious centre. Consequently Francis Day, the chief of the Armagaon factory, contacted the Nayak who administered this part of the territory under the Raja of Chandragiri.

As a result, Day and Cogan, the head of the Masulipatam factory obtained a grant in 1639, empowering the company to build a fort and a factory at Madraspatnam, a small fishermen's village two miles north of the Portuguese settlement of San Thome. The next year, with the

arrival of the first group of English merchants, soldiers and artisans, the construction of Fort St. George at the southern tip of the village was soon well under way.

In the subsequent periods varying fortunes among the powers incurred many changes in the administration of the surrounding territory but Madras, except for a brief period of three years, 1746-49, when it was in French possession, has steadily advanced under English governors. Its enlarged fort stands perfect today in the final state of reconstruction it received in 1783.

The newcomer will observe that Madras city consists of several divisions, and many historical incidents are related about these sub-sections which were separate little villages in those days. Peddunaickenpet developed simultaneously with the fort settlement as most of the Indian merchants and middlemen resided there. Triplicane, an ancient village with a noted Vaishnavite shrine, the Parthasarathy temple, was the first to be added to Madras followed by Thondiarpet, Egmore and Purasawalkam. Anticipating future Mughal attack the latter were acquired by grant from Nawab Zulfiker Khan, and in municipal records these are known as the "four old towns". Later the "five new towns" were added, Tiruvatiyoor,



The Marina, the pride of Madras with the Office of the Inspector-General of Police at the left.

Kathiwalkam, Nungambakkam, Vyasarpadi and Sathangadu. Between Egmore and Purasawalkam were the small villages of Periamet and Vepery and these along with Perambore, Pudupakkam, Ernavore and Sadayankuppam also were included.

Similarly other townships Chintadripetah, Collettpetah and Washermanpetah developed, as weavers, painters and other artisans migrated to these sections.

San Thome and adjacent Mylapore changed hands from the Portuguese to the Sultan of Golkonda from whom they passed on to the French and back again to the Sultan. The English finally obtained these in the year 1749.

All the above including the adjoining municipality of Saidapet and the fashionable suburbs Thyagarayanagar, Gandhinagar and Shenoynagar form what is now known as greater Madras. With Fort St. George as the nucleus Madras has thus progressively matured making her today the third largest city in India.

An interesting sidelight is the curious lack of authoritative information as to the origin of the city's name and historians present six uncontested theories. Madaresan was the original fisherman's village named after its chief Christian headman, but it is also known that the place may have

derived its name from Madre de Deus, the Portuguese church there. Again, the city could have been named after Maddarazu, a local Indian chieftain, or, inscriptions on some tombstones suggest that the derivation may be from Madra, a Portuguese family name. There is some indication that the word may be a shortened form of Madrassa, a Muhammadan College, or that the city is named after a calico cloth largely produced in the area.

Madras Emerald City by the Sea

As one gazes down from the lighthouse terrace in the brilliant morning sun the level plain-city of Madras becomes a gigantic emerald-green jewel poised in an unseen hand, its sparkling border of miniature crystals exquisitely setting it apart from the mighty, blue amethyst sea.

Having a moist climate the residents of the city are nevertheless fairly comfortable during most of the year for invigorating sea breezes invariably refresh the weary inhabitants and a stroll in the cool night air at the water's edge is always relaxing.

Greater Madras extends over an area of 49.74 sq. miles and is at the highest point only twenty-two feet above sea-level. According to the latest

A view of the Beach Road with the Fort St. George at the left and **Dare House**, the building housing Messrs. Parry & Co. Ltd., at the extreme right. Note the steeple of St. Mary's Church, and the Flag Staff inside the fort.

census figures the city's population is 14.29 lakhs. The extremely congested business districts of the Esplanade in Georgetown house not only many offices of major importance such as Binny & Co., Burmah Shell and Standard Vacuum Co., but also the Kothawal Bazaar, near Sri Ramulu Park, which is the chief foodstuff bazaar where throngs of merchants crowd in early morning to purchase their day's supplies of fresh vegetables and produce at wholesale prices. Many of the prominent banks, the General Post Office and Thomas Cook are on the First Line Beach along with the well known firm of Parrys. Directly south on the main China Bazaar Road and very near the Law College are the famous row of fruit markets behind which is the Flower Bazaar heavy with the fragrant scents of flowers, some attractively strung for "my lady's coiffure", others cut for decorative use in the homes.

On Devaraja Mudali Street and Rattan Bazaar Road are the cloth shops with luxurious and exquisite cloths and sarees, some so delicately woven of rare silk and golden threads that no lady can easily pass by without being tempted to purchase some treasure from the bounteous display. The foreign resident visiting these shops may momentarily think himself transported into the

yardage room of an ancient royal sovereign as he selects from the fastidiously fine, handwoven materials a gossamer scarf or a piece of gold and silver brocade. The shopper must not fail to note the wide variety of all-handwoven South Indian silk sarees with their intricate and very colourful borders.

As the city approached the million mark in population its business area outgrew earlier limiting boundaries and was extended to Mount Road where such well-known names as Spencer & Co., Addison's, Simpsons, P. Orr & Sons, General Electric and automobile dealers with their beautiful show-rooms and numerous banks have their offices making this part of the city a first rate business centre. Also many new buildings in modern architectural designs are in the process of construction along this broad, arboured road which extends from Fort St. George to St. Thomas Mount and beyond.

Whatever attractions Madras offers, the visitor carries away with him vivid recollections of her exquisite, jewel-like beauty. Her purely residential areas are in a cluster of suburbs to the south of the business locality where spacious, airy homes in ultra modern design resemble palatial mansions and tell more truly than words the rapid development of this flourishing city.

The so-called residential sections are Mylapore, Adyar, Kilpauk, Vepery and Thyagarayanagar. Just west of the Marina near the Presidency College, Triplicane is an extremely inhabited section where Bazaars, Temples, Mosques and residences are all concentrated into intensely crowded surroundings with the buildings standing wall against wall. Fortunately, refreshing sea winds touch here first, leaving their welcome burden of cool draughts to rush into opened windows.

Pycroft's Road running through the heart of Triplicane has many shops and bazaars and their brilliantly colourful lights at night give this thoroughfare a prosperous air of festive gaiety.

On holidays crowds of faithful worshippers visit the famous ancient Sri Parthasarathy Temple with its notable representations of Sri Krishna, his consort Rukmani and his brothers Balarama and Satyaki. Legend tells us that Vaishnava saints of the eighth century sang their tributes to this temple telling of its founding by a Pallava monarch.

Curiously enough within this congestion is also the biggest Mosque of the entire city with its wide and spacious front to which all the Muslims throng for prayer on important days.

Places of interest in the city

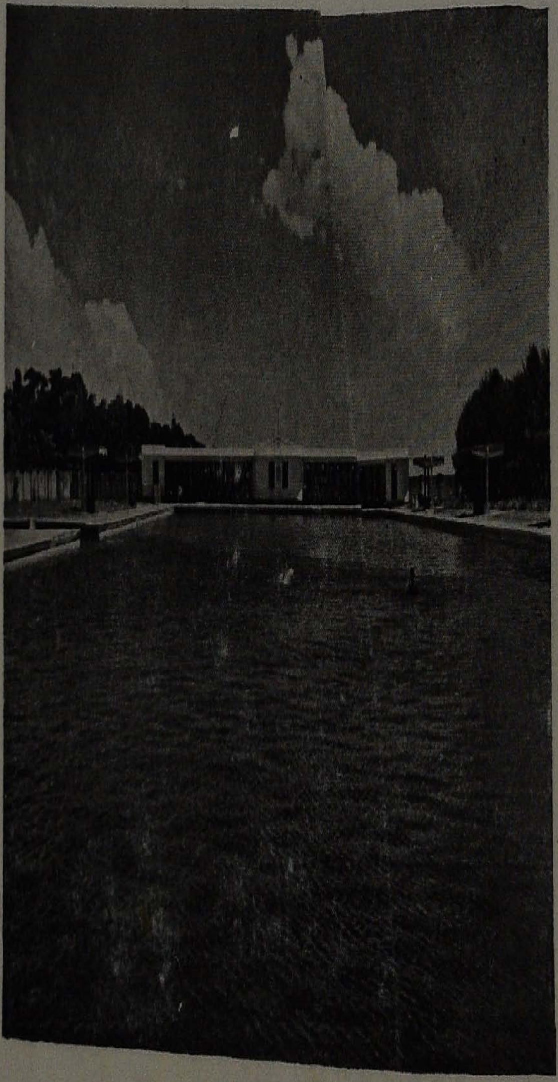
The Marina

Every large city can boast of some special attraction but only two cities in the world make the unique claim of having the most beautiful of beaches, and one happens to be right here in Madras. With great pride and devotion workmen from the Corporation attend to the border of flowers which adorn the outer edge of the long Marina strip, and the lane for walking as well as the shores are always meticulously cleaned.

As one stands at the beach opposite the fountain exhilarated and slowly absorbing the beauty all around even the name MARINA touches one's fancy and its rhythm seems to become the merry song of the highway's hum as it is caught up by the shining wheels of myriad cars passing from San Thome to Fort St. George.

At night the Marina's silvered roadway wears a jewelled necklace of aqua-blue and violet lights and the happy strollers dotting the sandy path beneath seemed clothed in an enchanted veil of moonlight.

Many an early riser pays especial tribute to the scenic view the Madras beach affords at dawn and he gathers renewed inspiration as he feels life,



The Marina Swimming Pool with the cloak rooms at the rear.

dynamic with a new-born vigour, coursing through the city as the sunrise bursts in the eastern sky with thundering momentum. Overcome with awe he watches flaming walls of colour cast brilliant pathways of scarlet, then gold, then yellow across the glistening sea. Beside him on the shores standing immobile like statues of carved rosewood are the fishermen silently holding their lines totally unaware of the magnificent play of light upon their sleek, wet bodies, and the quiet swish of the receding foam about their feet.

Throughout the day hundreds of catamarans and larger fishing boats are out at sea with the fishermen toiling in the burning sun to make their daily catch. But everyone seeks his rest at the close of day and so triumphantly the Marina displays her most picturesque scene at evening when thousands of visitors flock to her sands.

Men walk in happy groups along the shore, their white dotis flowing gracefully with the passing sea breezes. The ladies sit in friendly circles gaily chattering and hardly aware of the onlooker's admiring glance as he notes the splendourously rich blues, greens, reds and orange of their sarees blending into colours like the huge band of an immense rainbow curving down to the sands.

At sunset simultaneously all look to the west as

rays of crimson and copper-red are in dramatic contrast to the whole array of buildings opposite the Marina from Queen Mary's to Presidency College, the Senate House, Chepauk Palace and the University which are magnificently set apart, their spires and domes creating a skyline of inimitable beauty.

Imperceptibly, a purpling haze fuses sky, and water and shore and only indistinguishable shadows remain. Fragrances heavy with the incense of jasmine descend with the twilight and the quickening night wind, but yet in the western horizon the minarets of those grandiose buildings are immutable silhouettes, watchful over the sleeping city.

Marina Canteen and Swimming Pool

(Situated opposite the Presidency College, Triplicane, Madras)

First planned during the war period for the convenience of the troops stationed in the city, the Marina Canteen and Swimming Pool were taken over by the Corporation and opened to the public in October of 1947.

Following the streamlined designs of modern architecture the pool was remodelled to become the present attractive structure with the latest sanitary equipment for the bathers; dressing rooms, flushout latrines, and baths are provided separately

for ladies and gentlemen. The pool is available on three days of the week, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, open from 6 a.m. until 6 p.m. and for a nominal charge of eight annas. Ample time is allowed on the other four days for thorough cleansing and refilling. The water is purified with copper sulphate and bleaching powder.

The Canteen serves meals a la carte from 9 a.m. until 8-30 p.m. without advance reservations. Parties are welcome. Up-to-date and scientific methods of catering directly under the supervision of the Corporation make the restaurant a safe and welcome eating place for both bathers and beach visitors.

Fort St. George

Although the English factory and the settlement around it were from the outset known as Fort St. George it was actually some years before the buildings were surrounded by a high and fortified wall. This wall, incidentally, did not signify war-like protection from aggressors, but those were days of uncertainty when a town of tradesmen might unexpectedly be called upon to defend its merchandise, or the very settlement itself against the lawless, rival traders, roving robbers or princely raiders.

Several incidents some fifty years later proved the perspicacity of the leaders when first a band of soldiers led by the Commander-in-Chief of the Sultan of Golconda attacked a group of cloth merchants entering the city and continued onward re-fortified to besiege the fort. Fortunately the strength within provided sufficient resistance and the defeated wearily departed after useless months. Similarly, a Dutch squadron blockaded the coast of Madras during its attack upon the French settlement at San Thome, thus causing the English some anxiety for Holland and Britain were at that time at war in Europe.

In 1746, however, a major assault by the French arriving in a squadron of ships succeeded in forcing capitulation of the English who were then taken prisoners to Pondicherry. It was not until three years later that the English flag once again triumphantly waved over Madras.

Small in the early days with a length of 108 yards and a breadth of 100 yards, the Fort was eventually enlarged after White Town, having grown up around it, was included and a new outer wall built, the old inner wall then being demolished. With little alteration this fort stands today an historic memorial and an enduring example of the

tenacity and foresight of those courageous pioneering tradesmen.

The first Church built in Madras is in the Fort. The Fort also houses the Accountant General's Office, the Secretariat, the Legislative Assembly, etc.

Legislative Assembly Hall

For but a brief time more the Legislative Assembly will continue to meet in its historic surroundings inside Fort St. George. In December the new structure at the south-west corner of the Government House estate at Mount Road will be officially opened by the President of the Indian Republic, Rajendra Prasad. However, it will not function for council until January after the elections.

High Court, Light House and the Law College

Designed in the Indo-Sarasenic architectural style the block of tall, red brick buildings known collectively as the High Court are a formidable and prominent landmark adding to the beauty of the wide boulevard of the George Town area. They comprise, besides the High Court, the Small Causes Court and the City Civil Court. In the very centre of this group and rising to a height of 160 feet is the Light House Tower which supplants

a former one, a handsome Doric column of granite. Visitors who are willing to climb the steep circling staircase to the top are rewarded with a glorious and detailed view of the ever-growing and far-stretching city bordered by the glistening sea.

Several pieces of statuary are noteworthy on these premises, first that of Sir T. Muthuswami Iyer, said to be one of the ablest Indian judges of the Province. To do him honour the citizenry requested a Mr. Wade to create the sculpture having only a faded photograph for a likeness.

The second just outside the northern compound represents Sir V. Bashyam Iyengar the keenest of Indian lawyers in his generation; and the third is that of Dr. Miller, perhaps the greatest Missionary Educationalist of South India. The statue stands facing in silent admiration the buildings of his College which he aided to prosper.

An appropriate counterpart to the High Court buildings is the Law College situated a short distance to the west and built on the site of the old English burial-ground in the Old Black Town.

Madras Harbour

From an historical standpoint the Madras Harbour is a very interesting sight for its origin is due to the insight and good judgment of Francis

Day in perceiving it as a valuable trading post. Chiefly through the seaport facilities its successful growth and development since then has achieved for Madras her present-day status. Of course, in 1639, it was merely a sandbank with two arms of the Cooum and Adyar Rivers protecting it on all sides.

In 1868 the Chamber of Commerce ordered construction of an artificial harbour to meet the increasing trading demands, and efforts were partially successful. However, a third attempt in 1904, under the engineering of Sir Francis Spring was made and the present concrete structure of two walls extending out towards each other to form an entrance of 400 feet was undertaken. The present water area is 200 acres, with a high water level of 37 feet and a low level of 34 feet.

Dredging takes place for six months of the year to maintain sand-free waters.

When the new North entrance was opened in 1910 calm waters for the first time permitted the ships to lie quietly in a line of Quays. In place of the old narrow strip of beach in front of the fort there are now harbour warehouses, offices and workshops, railway yards, storage grounds, etc.

It is a well-built although small port with mooring berths for eight vessels including four oil berths

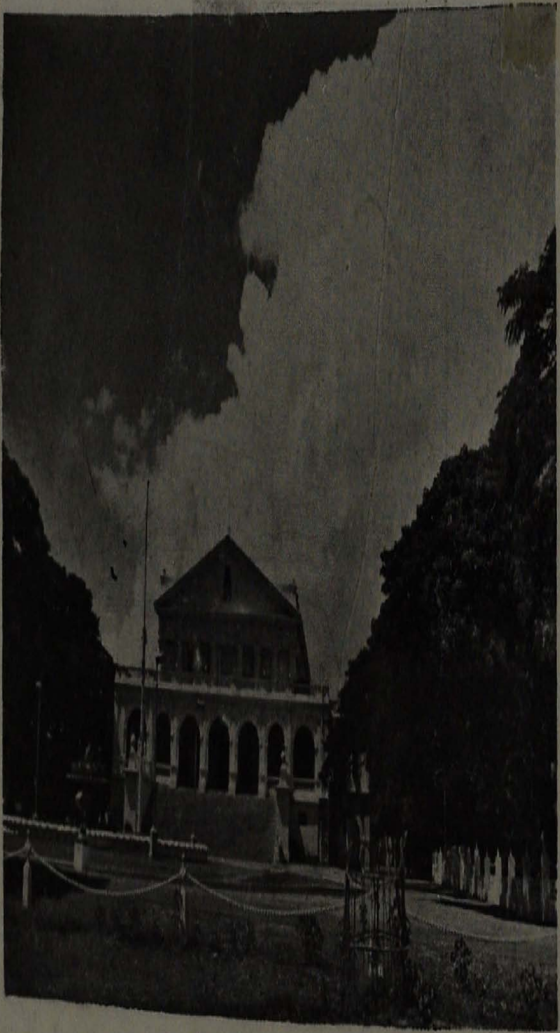
and one serving for petroleum. There are seven general cargo berths and two collier berths. Loading and discharging is done at three points by means of lighters and nine new electric cranes at west quays Nos. III and IV, with five and three-ton capacities. At Nos. I and II west quay berths are four cranes of three-ton capacities, and at the central berth is a static sixty-ton electric crane.

Regular passenger service is provided from Madras to Rangoon and to Singapore. This harbour is known as "the most successful port of call" of South India with ships going to and from Calcutta.

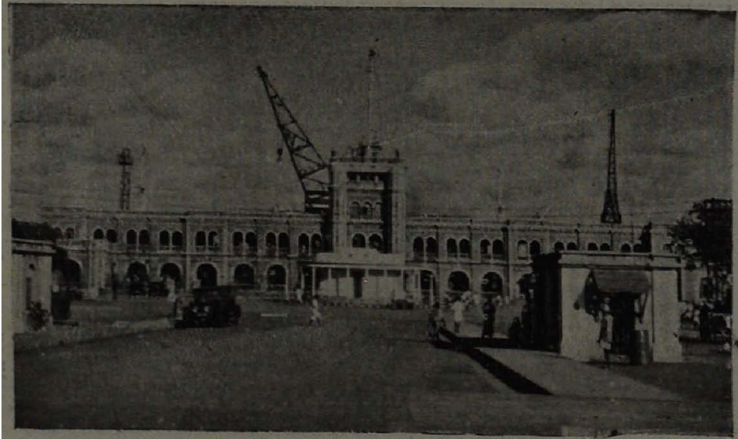
The railway system and trunk roads centre upon Madras with trains coming directly to the harbour for loading, thus giving the Madras port easy and cheap access to the interior.

Government House, Mount Road

It is with satisfaction and pride that the present Government of Madras looks back with thankful appreciation to the days of Lord Clive, son of the great Robert Clive. As governor in 1801 he wisely anticipated the requirements of officials for places of entertainment for future important functions and so developed the Government House and Banqueting Hall at a cost of 5½ lakhs of Rupees.



The Rajaji Hall, formerly the Banqueting Hall, at the Government House, Mount Road.



Port Trust Office, Madras Harbour, a part of the Static 60-Ton electric crane visible in background.

To some Government House may only suggest exciting social functions or various meetings for welfare causes, but a second glance must also surely arouse appreciation for historic memories. Once upon a time Senoritas and Senores of Portuguese state were housed here in their splenderous finery. In blacker days guns of Frenchmen encamped here were hammering futilely at the walls of Fort St. George. And finally their leader, the ill-fated Lally, temporarily remained here in sumptuous imprisonment, before being taken to his homeland for execution. An alert visitor may even hear the echo of the Sultan Tipu's horsemen boldly trodding the grounds as their riders brazenly looked for jewels and other precious loot.

This was the official residence of the Governor of the province till the dawn of Indian indepedence. Today, of course, the building serves only the needs of government offices and lodges the Legislature, while the ministers and their Parliamentary Secretaries occupy the other bungalows.

Government House, Guindy

Intended formerly as a "country residence" the Government House in Guindy was also constructed during Lord Clive's service. Then in about 1850, Lord Elphinstone improved and further developed

it, and today it is the attractive home of the Governor of the State, the Maharaja of Bhavnagar with adjoining beautiful gardens.

Numerous excellent paintings, once in Rajaji Hall have been transferred here and their artistic canvasses skilfully portray many important scenes and figures of the past great eras in Madras history.

Rajaji Hall
(Government House, Mount Road)

In the grounds of the estate of the Government House at one corner of Mount Road stands the magnificent white structure now known as Rajaji Hall. It is named in honour of His Excellency Sri C. Rajagopalachari, ex-Governor-General of the Indian Government, and is generally used as a banqueting hall and for guest lecturers or state functions although it formerly served exclusively for official functions in the days of British Rule.

A beautiful mosaic marble terrace leads one into a spacious hall from the ceiling of which hang splenderous crystal chandeliers whose glittering lights enhance the festive beauty of any occasion. On both side walls are hung the life-size portraits of former governors, and the excellence of their art makes them one of the rare collections of

paintings in Madras. The elaborate figure work on the facade of the hall was intended by Lord Clive to commemorate the victory over the Tipu Sultan of Seringapatam.

Senate House
(Marina Beach)

Completed in 1879 the Senate House stands north of the University buildings. Again its architectural style is that of the popular Indo-Sarcesenic period and it was designed by Mr. Chisholm.

Interesting to the visitor from an artistic view-point is the double teakwood staircase ascending to the Syndicate room, and the several paintings seen in passing. One is that of its former Vice-Chancellor, Dr. Miller, who was so influential in the growth of the Madras University.

In well-appointed spots near and around the Senate House are a number of beautiful bronze statues of such prominent public figures as Mr. V. Krishnaswami Iyer, eminent lawyer and member of the Executive Council, Mr. G. K. Gokhale, the well-known leader and that of Queen Victoria.

Mention may be made here that the Senate House was housing the University offices and the

University Library until the new University Buildings were built. Now the Senate House is used only for the University meetings.

Madras University Library

(Marina Beach)

Built in 1939 this library is owned by the university. Its well-lighted and airy reading rooms are inviting and convenient for the industrious students. Aside from the general reading room there is another with access to all foreign periodicals and journals. The library has nearly a hundred thousand volumes of books in every category.

Connemara Public Library

(Museum Buildings, Pantheon Road, Egmore)

Under the Madras Public Library Act this library has become the central library of the state. Its stacks hold more than a hundred-thousand volumes and in closed cases are many costly fine-arts books, all available to the public. It is here that all the United Nations publications also are received.

Beautiful stained glass windows admit soft, soothing lights and when the reader tires of his book he may look above him to admire the artistry of these windows or the exquisite workmanship of the carved wood in the dome.

Some remodelling is now taking place and eventually the stackrooms will be entirely downstairs.

The Madras Museum

(Pantheon Road, Egmore)

It is perhaps a scarcely remembered fact that the Madras Literary Society is responsible for the origin of this city's museum. In 1851 the Literary Society presented to the Madras Government its rather comprehensive collection of geological specimens and this was the nucleus for the variety of rich treasures now displayed.

Madras can boast of having one of the finest museums of its kind in India. Within spacious grounds of large shade trees are two buildings and an extension, with the Museum Theatre part of the front building and the Connemara Public Library to the rear.

On the ground floor of the front building are the exhibits of pre-historic antiquities. Beyond the new extension in the rear building sculptures dating back to the bronze age site of Mohenjo Daro and representing the main phases of Indian history can be studied by student and tourist.

The natural history and geology galleries are adjoining. Other varied exhibits in the front

building are those of ethnographical value and the collection of South Indian instruments and peasant jewelry.

Not to be overlooked are the world famous bronze images of Dancing Shivas or Natarajas said to be among the finest of art pieces. A morning or afternoon spent in quiet observation at this interesting museum leaves the visitor deeply impressed with the country's cultural heritage.

Victoria Technical Institute
(Opp. Spencers, Mount Road)

The display of exquisitely beautiful arts and crafts at the Victoria Institute demands one's admiring and studied attention and since all articles are surprisingly inexpensive the visitor is quickly tempted to purchase innumerable gifts for friends as well as for himself. One is struck with awe at the skill and infinite pains which the craftsman has applied to his handiwork.

Listing the localities from which each originate reads like an enchanting story for there are leather goods and sandal wood carvings from Madras, inlaid ivory in rosewood from Mysore, jewellery from Travancore, plates of silver, brass and copper from Tanjore and carpets from Ellore. From still other districts come the linens, palm-leaf basketry, etc.

Central Industrial Museum

The Central Industrial Museum is also on Mount Road in the "Old Government Press Building" and is organized by the Madras Industries Association, a group whose purpose it is to encourage public interest in Cottage and Large Scale Industries. It began in 1939 seeking to provide a link between producers and consumers. Artistically and advantageously displayed the exhibits of the museum are to acquaint the visitor with the many, many useful and decorative articles available and made right within this province. It also furnishes information about the industrial and mineral resources and about the agricultural wealth.

Upstairs are a variety of exhibits of the government departments of agriculture, industries, forests and health and displays of textiles, soaps, cement, chemicals, metal wares, sandal wood articles, palm leaf basketry, Malabar toy boats, sprayed aluminium ware, etc. Twenty-four districts are represented.

Downstairs are the many products of the cottage industries of South India, toys, inks, potteries, coir mats, brass vessels, silk and cloth goods, etc.

There is a bureau of information here also answering enquiries regarding the industries and commerce

of India in general and the availability of raw materials.

The Madras Zoo

(Behind the Moore Market)

In People's Park are the beautiful zoological gardens one of the numerous attractions with educational appeal as well as offering amusement and recreation. The zoo is located behind the Moore Market. The buildings are newly painted, and the grounds are well maintained with shrubbery, flowers, lawns and shady spots for those who like to relax while leisurely observing the animals, birds, etc. There are neat and attractive homes for the animals. It is to be noted that although most of the animals were ordered to be shot in 1941 because of threatened aerial bombardments, concentrated efforts have already made a new and rather wide collection once again possible.

Light meals are served at a cafe within the garden, and boat rowing around the zoo lake is also provided for amusement.

Fish Gallery

Although there is not at present an aquarium in the city there is an unusually fine and rather comprehensive display of deep sea animals in the upstairs room of the museum. Countless specimens

The Museum, Egmore with the Museum Theatre in the foreground.

are skilfully mounted and afford the observer ample opportunity to acquaint himself with many unique types. It is an interesting fact that a great majority of the fish in this exhibit were caught off the shores of Madras, including one long twenty-two footer. The ominous looking sharks on the walls impress one with the great risks of swimming in unprotected areas.

Agri-horticultural Society

(By the side of the Cathedral, Mount Road)

The title "Ornamental Gardens" aptly describes the fifteen-acre park across the street from the nursery gardens and is provided for the leisurely strolling of anyone seeking a moment's relaxation on cool green lawns amidst fragrant, flowering trees, shrubs and gay lotus tanks. It is open daily until 5-30 p.m.

This and the ten-acre nursery gardens across the street are owned by the Agri-horticultural Society and are run and managed by a committee elected from the six-hundred members. Their ideal and object is to encourage home-gardening and so the paid subscriptions of the members are taken out in plants. It goes without saying that the public also is welcome to select at very nominal cost seeds and growing plants. Each year in February a flower show is sponsored by the group.

Just recently the society has donated two rooms of its main building in the nursery grounds to the Madras University Botany Department for use as a laboratory and remodelling will be completed early in November.

Moore Market
(Next to the Central Station)

The Moore Market is a sort of shopper's paradise consisting of countless miniature stores where one may purchase anything from small knick-knacks to essential items in almost any category. Airy and attractively maintained the shops are arranged in a quadrangle with a central open space in which is a garden.

Congested and insanitary markets formerly existing in Broadway were converted into a park at the time Sir George Moore was President of the Corporation and it was he who took interest in founding the Moore Market.

The extensive red brick building stands adjacent to the Central Railway Station and to the Victoria Public Hall and is on the southern edge of People's Park. Supplementary structures for vendors of secondhand goods are to the north and east of the market.

Kilpauk City Water Supply

The Madras city drinking water is drawn down from the Red Hills Lake to the Kilpauk Water Works through two masonry conduits with a combined carrying capacity of 55 million gallons per day.

Here at the station by the latest scientific processes the water undergoes slow filtration in 17 slow sand filters and is finally purified with chlorine.

The filtered, chlorinated water is led into four underground storage tanks holding in total six and a half million gallons. Each tank is independent so that it may be separately cleaned without interfering with the functioning of the other three.

Protected water is distributed also to the newer outlying areas of the city and in some cases is even supplied in mobile units mounted on lorries.

Under the direct supervision of the Health Officer a water analyst serves on full time duty testing samples from the filter beds daily and from the distributing system at frequent intervals. Not only does the analyst check the Bacteriological count but he also supervises the chlorination, regulating the quantity to be added for adequate sterilization.

It is said that the yearly city water supply is approximately 8,750 million gallons with an average daily supply of 24 million gallons.

Chepauk Palace

(Marina, Triplicane)

Standing between the Senate House and the Public Works building is the Chepauk Palace which was one-hundred and fifty years ago a scene of grandiose occasions and a high wall kept it hidden from the eager gaze of the passerby. How changed are the circumstances now! The building houses the Board of Revenue, and there are the hustle and bustle of clerks, the clicking typewriters and a multitude of officials straining over desk accounts.

Presidency College

(Marina, Triplicane)

Once known as "The High School of Madras University" this college had a humble beginning holding its classes in a rented room in Egmore in 1841. A public school then, its controlling governors planned a little later to add a college department and apply for a charter that it might be called "Madras University." When it became known that the Madras Government intended instituting their own university the school was transferred to their hands and was renamed "Presidency College." It

was only in 1870 that it moved to the building it now occupies, just south of the Public Works Department on the Marina.

This is the biggest college run by the Government and offers instruction in the Honours Course in all Science subjects in addition to Humanities.

Cosmopolitan Club
(Opp. Mount Road Post Office)

On Mount Road, set far back and withdrawn from noisy street traffic the Cosmopolitan Club has its residence in a most attractive building. It is the largest social club in the province and annually sponsors tournaments in the popular sports—golf, tennis and billiards. The total membership is between twelve and thirteen hundred and is at present exclusively Indian. Its President is Justice K. Subba Rao.

The Theosophical Society
(Adyar)

Nestled within a peaceful retreat of expansive gardens and luxuriant shrubbery the Adyar Theosophical Society has its abode along the southern shores of the Adyar river in whose cool blue waters its verdant surroundings become a reflected image of shimmering beauty. As all rivers are but the tributaries of the greater parental seas and oceans

and the life-giving source of fertility and vitality so, symbolically, is this society in scope and aim a child of the Infinite, with Truth as its highest religion, bestowing upon the student vitality through inspiration and love for his fellowmen through a common brotherhood.

Founded in New York in 1875 its objectives are to unite all mankind through a greater understanding of the laws and codes of religion, philosophy, science and metaphysics.

Upon entering the building one immediately pauses in reverent silence, overwhelmed by an artistry of magnificence and noble dignity for on the walls beautifully carved in white relief are the representative figures of all the leaders of the world's great religions. On a platform at the head of the hall presiding, as it were, in white marble as eternal reminders are the statues of Col. Olcott and Madame Blatavasky founders of this new International Organization. To their left is the marble bust of Dr. Annie Besant the society's second leader and a renowned educator and great figure of influence in the recent history of India's struggle for independence. At the opposite end of the hall stands a second white marble group representing two children who idealize the eagerness and ready

co-operation of the youthful student and his potentialities as the future greater adult.

Beyond the main hall is the reading room with an accompanying terrace overlooking the picturesque landscape of the river and the distant shore. Turning to the right of the main hall one enters the world-famous Adyar Library which is more like a shrine for it houses countless sacred scriptures, some of whose manuscripts date back to 300, 500 and 800 years. Unique are the records contained on Palmyra leaves some thousand years old. The visitor and the resident are welcome to peruse these many valuable books at leisure.

Leaving the building and going down a shaded pathway of tall trees one comes to the bookstore, another important branch of the society. Here one may purchase pamphlets and texts ranging over a broad subject area and delving into criticism and analysis of religion, philosophy, palmistry and metaphysics.

Continuing our stroll in idle reverie and reflection we soon come upon the world-renowned Banyan tree. This giant of nature is said to be one of the three largest trees in the world, and covers an area of 200 ft. by 160 ft.

•

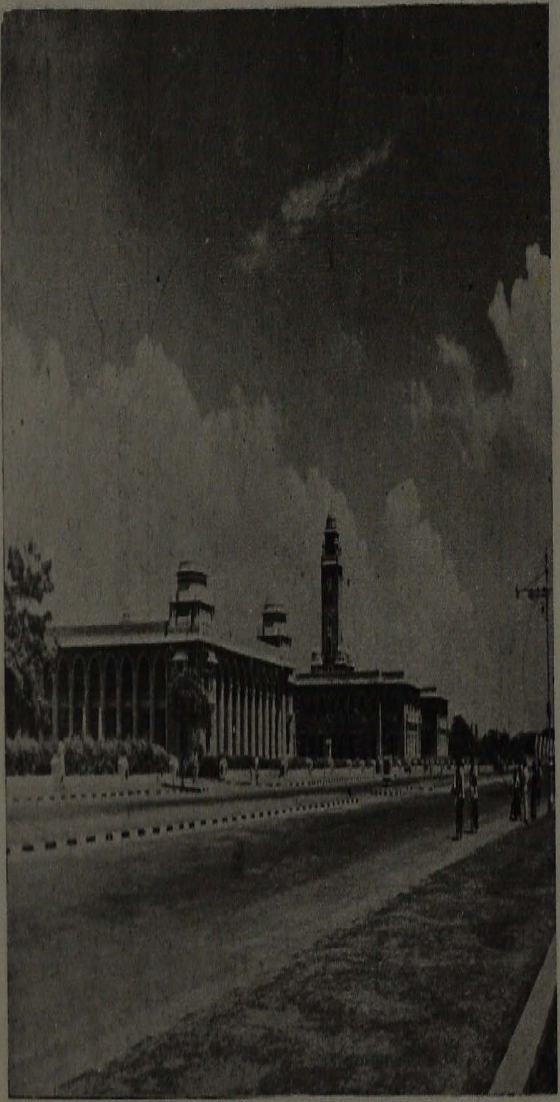
Kalakshetra

(Adyar)

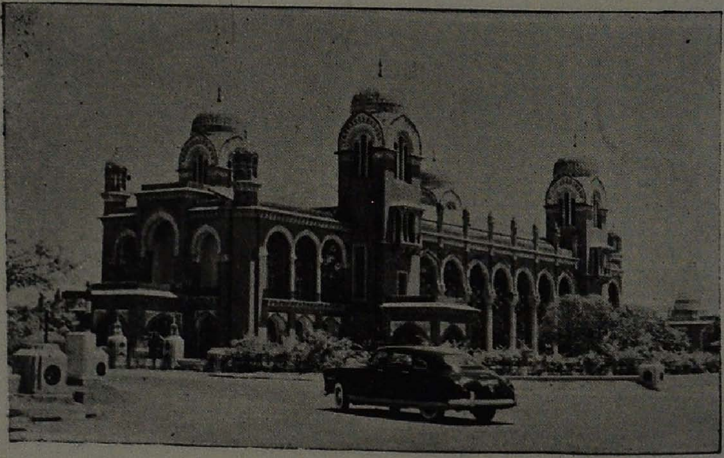
Kalakshetra is an adjacent institution and, as its name implies, is a temple of art promulgating and uniting the highest culture of East and West. Founded just fifteen years ago by its Director Srimati Rukmini Devi with objectives and aims widely encompassing and far-reaching, it pursues an educational course harmonious with the spirit of freedom of a reawakened India. Conscious of the great latent talents for artistic skills, its directors have planned a curriculum which stresses the essential unity inherent in all true art and which seeks to achieve for the graduate a high level of professional development, whether it be in drama, music, dance or art. The teachers are themselves recognized professional artists.

Not only do its interests lie with the training of students of the college, but with the public also whom it would have grow to be a sensitively appreciative and critical audience.

Realistically aware of the current trends in modern education Kalakshetra strives to satisfy the need of a new democracy by directing the young student toward creative living and self-expression in arts in particular, and in living in general. Out of this purposeful approach then grew the idea for



The University Buildings at the Marina



The Senate House at the Marina.

the two sister institutions, the Besant Theosophical School for young pupils and the Arundale Training Centre for teachers undergoing training.

Always alert to artistic trends the institution also incorporated a handloom weaving centre through which the rare and magnificent old designs of the South Indian saree are preserved, recreated and enhanced. Indian yarn is used exclusively and also all-gold and all-silver thread. The sarees are exquisite pieces of unique and fascinating patterns and are doubly attractive to the customer since they are so surprisingly inexpensive.

With beautiful sentiments like the following the visitor hesitantly departs: "We will once again build temples, paint frescoes and thrill audiences with the message of ancient India. This is the glorious future that awaits our Motherland. Who will work for her, who will dedicate his or her future? When you leave Kalakshetra leave with this dream. It will one day be fulfilled."

Elliot Beach

(Adyar)

A long free strip of beach, clean and unmarred by obstructing buildings, this is a favourite resort for bathers and picnickers. The beautiful stone memorial to a brave German soldier who lost his own life

saving that of another becomes transformed into some fanciful structure about which wind and shadows play tag in the silvered reflections of full moon light.

San Thome Cathedral
(San Thome, Mylapore)

This Cathedral is a link to the ancient Christian colonies of the early centuries. Previously known as the Church of St. Thomas, its structure is actually built around and above the apostle's tomb. The grave was discovered by the Portuguese settlers in 1552 when they were rebuilding the old chapel.

The present building remodelled at the end of the last century, has one of the loveliest of interiors with high, white gothic arches and a sacred altar upon which the mellow lights of the stained glass windows shine with soft tones. High up on the north and south walls of the great central hall are fourteen wooden plaques carved in 13th century style and portraying in plaster and natural colours scenes from the last hours of Christ's life as he trudged in weary torture from the judgment hall to the Cross.

Steps lead down to a small marble altar at the spot above the tomb and here many come to kneel in silent and prayerful reverence.

St. Andrew's Church
(Egmore)

"Shining in splendour like some brilliant star,
Yet sacred edifice thou art least—
'Queen of the Scottish Churches in the East'"...

As the lines from the poem imply St. Andrew's Church just beyond the railway station in Egmore, and affectionately known as the "Kirk", is one of the finest church buildings of the East and of India. It was built by the East India Trading Company not after architectural plans, but by the skilful engineering of Major De Haviland who ingeniously surmounted the tremendous handicaps of extremely marshy land by sinking over three-hundred wells, filling them with brick and mortar and then building over the arched tops walls of solid masonry, using only wood for the doors and windows. Ornate white doric columns and a tiled marble floor are in beautiful contrast to the high sky-blue dome whose surface has the stars of the heavens painted in their positions as they appear in Scotland so that those sitting beneath may in spirit feel themselves once again in their far off native land.

St. Mary's Church
(Fort)

Within the grounds of Fort St. George standing today exactly as it was when finished in 1680 with

the exception of the vestry and organ chamber, St. Mary's Church was built by the old settlers of the Coromandel Coast upon the orders of Sir Streynsham Master, Governor. Commemorating many historical incidents, handsome marble tablets adorn the walls, and two statues stand at opposite corners at the head and rear of the church.

Four floor tablets are in memory of four governors, one of whom was Sir Thomas Munro. A brass plate extending along the step leading to the altar was placed there by the Princess of Tanjore in memory of Lord Hobart, also a governor. In front of this altar Lord Clive had stood with his bride for their marriage. One of the oldest and finest paintings of South India hangs above the altar, "The Last Supper" brought from Pondicherry and is, according to critics, the work of a pupil of Raphael. To the rear of the church stands a font made of Palavaram granite and is of historical interest for it is told that Lord Charnock, once Governor of Madras, had his Brahmin bride baptized here and also his three children. The Governor had saved the Brahmin girl from her husband's funeral pyre and after having converted her to Christianity, had married her.

Armenian Church

(Armenian St., opp. the High Court)

Standing almost side by side in Armenian Street (in the Esplanade) are two very old churches. The first is the Armenian church built in 1772. Hidden behind walls is a surprisingly lovely and well-maintained courtyard, once a cemetery, the surfaces of which have been made solid with bricks, thus joining countless stone markers whose inscriptions are almost worn away.

The belfry under a huge white dome stands as a separate structure and its six bells still ring out their sonorous tones recalling the earlier days of a once flourishing Armenian community. A tribute should be paid to the elderly priest and his wife who faithfully conduct services there even though the membership has totally dwindled.

Roman Catholic Church—St. Mary's

(Armenian St., opp. the High Court)

The second is a Cathedral the origin of which goes back to the days of Father Ephraim, a Capuchin Priest who began his ministrations to the Catholic residents soon after the Fort settlement. The present Cathedral was built in 1772. Here again can be found some of the rare paintings

of India, that of the Crucifixion and of Mary Magdalene.

St. George's Cathedral

With its 140 foot spire reaching into the heavens St. George's Cathedral stands at the junction of Mount Road and Cathedral Road a building of beautiful architectural lines whose light walls catch the burnished rays of the setting sun as the devout worshippers enter its sacred halls.

Ionic columns of brick and chunam support the nave and aisles and monuments recall to memory the great personalities of three outstanding men: Dr. Anderson, a physician-general, Bishop Heber, energetic promoter of Christian ideals and Dr. Corrie, who holds the title of the first Anglican Bishop of Madras.

This anglican church was built over a century ago to meet the spiritual needs of the new anglican residents and has adjacent to it a graveyard which boasts of a unique guard rail consisting of musket-barrels, bayonets, spikes, etc., taken at the capture of Seringapatam in 1799.

Luz Church

(Luz, Mylapore)

Mylapore, city of the ancient Hindu world, literally means "Peacock City", and historians claim

that it has existed for more than twenty centuries. Reading through its stories of olden times one learns of an old Tamil poet and author, the illustrious Tiruvalluvar, writer of the "Kural", of the saint and writer, the eminent Peyalvar, and of Mastan, a Mohammedan scholar of renown who spent his entire life here.

Traditionally famous for her churches also one must particularly note one of the Christian churches which dates back to the 16th century. A quaint tale is told of a group of storm-tossed mariners desperately praying for safe guidance to shore. Suddenly they believed to see a light, and following it, landed unharmed and pursued the origin of the light to the very spot where today "Luz" church stands. "Luz" is the Portuguese word for light and so this edifice was dedicated to "Our Lady of Light."

St. Thomas' Mount and Little Mount

Beyond the Madras city limits, yet intimately associated with events in Madras in the past and present epoch are twin suburbs of deep religious and historic purport, known as St. Thomas' Mount and as Little Mount.

A stone cross bearing an old Pehbir inscription and with red stains resembling those of blood was

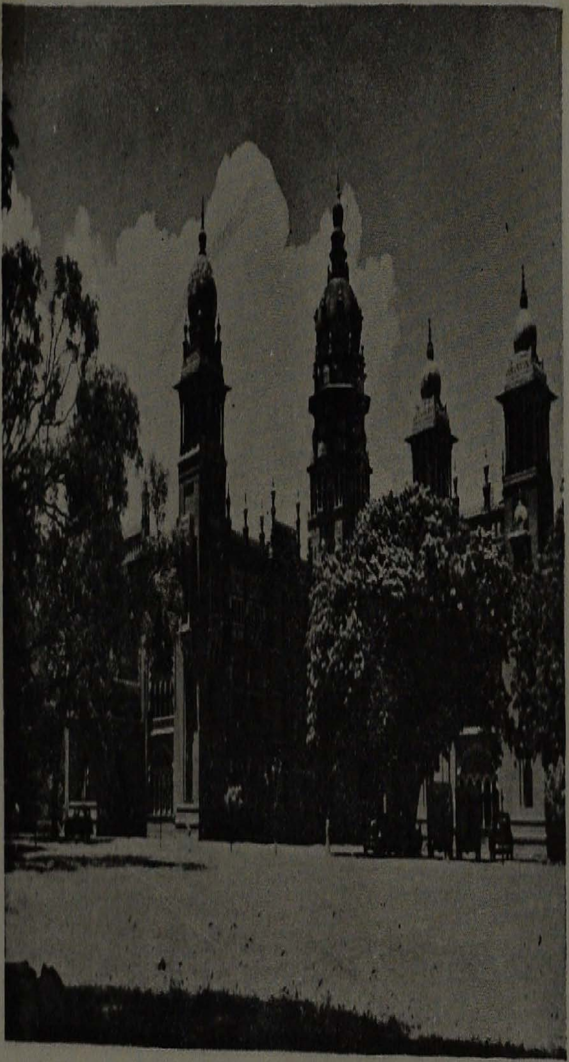
discovered by the Portuguese at the first-named locality. As was the custom with devout people, a church was erected at the very spot, placing the stone cross in the wall behind the altars. It was to the hill at St. Thomas' Mount that the apostle is supposed to have fled from his cave a mile away, and here that he was killed with a lance.

Legend has it that a painting in the church of the Holy Virgin and Child is one of the seven portraits done by St. Luke and brought to India by St. Thomas.

Chinnamalai or "Little Mount" is renowned for the cave to which it is said St. Thomas came for refuge when in flight from his persecutors. At this point, too, the Portuguese constructed a church. A second object of religious significance is a certain cleft in the rock from which, one is told, St. Thomas miraculously brought forth fresh spring water at the touch of his staff to quench the thirst of the listening multitude.

The Madras Race Club
(Guindy)

Madras acclaims with pride her race course which is one of the loveliest racing turfs in India and is situated in Guindy about eight miles from Madras.



The High Court Buildings with the Light House.

It is one and a half miles long and has become a place of great interest for many prominent fans including His Excellency the Governor of Madras, the Rajah of Bobbili and Dr. P. Subbarayan, who are the patrons.

The racing season extends from the second or third week in November until the middle of April with the peak of excitement being centered on the Governor's Cup Race which is run on New Year's Day each year. The highlight of this event is that moment when His Excellency the Governor drives up in state to present himself the Cup to the owner of the winning horse.

Ennur

For quick escape from the demanding and complex problems of a heavy week-day schedule the weary businessman and his family may retire with a picnic lunch to the completely relaxing atmosphere of pastoral country side at Ennur, just 10 miles north of Madras proper.

If idle repose is sought there are shady retreats under welcoming trees. Boating on the backwaters or games in the open fields are equally inviting for those who seek recreation in activities.

A special attraction for both visitors and zoology students is the display of fish specimens in the museum. This collection represents all species of fish to be found in South India.

Should the visitor to Ennur wish to remain for a week-end roomy and comfortable bungalows are available at nominal costs. These stretch out along the water's edge and offer cool and pleasant evenings with colourful sunsets and lazily approaching twilights enhancing the picturesque setting.

Mahabalipuram

This renowned spot for sight-seeing is today commonly called "Mahabalipuram" but literally the name of the Seven Pagodas is Mamallapuram, signifying "the city of Mahamalla"—great wrestler. Long ago in the early seventh century this was the chief sea port of the Pallava Kingdom.

The king Mahamalla was a great wrestler who lived in the 7th century and this place derives its name from his title, since his real name was King Narasimhavarma. Of great architectural importance, the rock sculptures here have been traced to the earliest known examples of the Dravidian style. Many palatial buildings once standing here have now been submerged into the sea.

Carved out of solid pieces of rock the "rathas" or pagodas are in many shapes and sizes with intricate carvings of ancient folklore. Another huge sculptured rock equally renowned is that called "Arjuna's Penance" with a very elaborately carved surface. Arjuna's features are easily discernible as the onlooker observes him standing in holy meditation. A multitude of figures, both of human beings and animals, grace its walls.

Because of the beauty and historic interest of this site many, many tourists as well as surrounding residents make all day picnics here annually.

A description of the Temples in Madras City as well as in South India is given at the end of this book.

Madras City is divided into the following Municipal Divisions

(Vide Map No. 1)

Division No.	Name of the division.	Division No.	Name of the division.
1	New Washermanpet	27	Edapalayam
2	Royapuram	28	Park Town
3	Singarathottam	29	Napier Park
4	Sanjivarayanpet	30	Chintadripet
5	Korukkupet	31	Komaliswaranpet
6	Vyasarpadi	32	Egmore
7	Basin Bridge	33	Thousand Lights
8	Peddunaickenpet	34	Nungambakkam
9	Seven Wells	35	Kodambakkam
10	Amman Kovil	36	Thyagarayanagar (North)
11	Muthialpet	37	Royapettah
12	Harbour	38	Pudupakkam
13	Kachaleswarer	39	Thiruvetiswaranpet
14	Kothwal Bazaar	40	Chepauk
15	Sowcarpet	41	Triplicane
16	Trevelyan Basin	42	Zambazaar
17	Choolai	43	Mirsapet
18	Puliyantope	44	Mylapore (North)
19	Perambur Barracks	45	Mylapore (South)
20	Sembiyam	46	Teynampet
21	Ayanavaram	47	Thyagarayanagar (South)
22	Kilpauk	48	Saidapet
23	Purasawalkam	49	Guindy
24	Kosapet	50	Adyar
25	Vepery		
26	Periamet		

The Postal Districts of Madras

Municipal Division No.	Name of Municipal Division.	Name of Delivery Post Office.	Number of Postal Division.
1	2	3	4
1	New Washermanpet	Washermanpet	21
2	Royapuram	Royapuram	13
3	Singarathottam	Washermanpet	21
4	Sanjivarayanpet	Do.	21
5	Korukkupet	Do.	21
6	Vyasarpadi	Perambur Barracks	12
7	Basin Bridge	General Post Office	1
		Washermanpet	21
8	Peddunaickenpet	General Post Office	1
9	Seven Wells	Do.	1
10	Amman Kovil	Do.	1
11	Muthialpet	Do.	1
12	Harbour	Do.	1
13	Kachaleeswarar	Do.	1
14	Kothwal Bazaar	Do.	1
15	Sowcarpet	Do.	1
16	Trevelyan Basin	Do.	1
17	Choolai	Vepery	1
18	Puliyanthope	Perambur Barracks	12
19	Perambur Barracks	Do.	12
20	Sembiyam	Perambur	11
21	Ayanavaram	Do.	11
22	Kilpauk	Kilpauk	10
23	Purasawalkam	Vepery	7
24	Kosapet	Perambur Barracks	12
25	Vepery	Vepery	7

Municipal Division No.	Name of Municipal Division.	Name of Delivery Post Office.	Number of Postal Division.
1	2	3	4
26	Periamet	Park Town	3
27	Edapalayam	Do.	3
28	Park Town	Do.	3
29	Napier Park	Mount Road	2
30	Chintadripet	Do.	2
31	Komaleswararpet	Do.	2
32	Egmore	Egmore	8
33	Thousand Lights	Cathedral	6
34	Nungambakkam	Do.	6
35	Kodambakkam	Akbarabad	24
36	Thyagarayanagar (N)	Thyagarayanagar	17
37	Royapettah	Royapettah	14
38	Pudupakkam	Do.	14
39	Thiruvetiswaranpet	Triplicane	5
40	Chepauk	Do.	5
41	Triplicane	Do.	5
42	Jambazaar	Do.	5
43	Mirzapet	Royapettah	14
44	Mylapore (North)	Mylapore	4
45	Mylapore (South)	Do.	4
46	Teynampet	Teynampet	18
47	Thyagarayanagar (S)	Thyagarayanagar	17
48	Saidapet	Saidapet	15
49	Guindy	Do.	15
50	Adyar	Adyar	20

The following are the Tram routes (Vide Map No. 1)

Description of section.		Via.
From	To	
1. San Thome Terminus (Mylapore).	Luz Church Road corner (Mylapore).	
2. Luz Church Road corner (Mylapore).	Royapuram Terminus	Central Station and Parry's Corner.
3. Barber's Bridge Terminus (Triplicane)	Ice House Road Police Station (Triplicane).	
4. Ice House Road Police Station (Triplicane).	Washermanpet Ry. Terminus.	Central Station and Broadway.
5. Mount Road Round Thana	Royapuram Terminus	Chintadripet, Central Station and Parry's Corner.
6. Egmore Railway Station.	Do.	Central Station and Parry's Corner.
7. Parry's Corner	Purasawalkam Terminus	Elephant Gate Bridge.
8. Central Station	Do.	Walltax Road and Elephant Gate Bridge.

WHERE TO STAY

For the traveller to Madras City, many modern and attractive hotels are available conveniently located at central points.

For him who stops briefly, but a few hours between trains, perhaps, the retiring rooms at Central Station or at Egmore Railway Station will adequately serve his requirements. They are fully equipped and neatly maintained, and also have restaurants adjoining managed by Spencers.

Among the outstanding hotels, the Connemara or the Ambassador may be first preferences since they are conducted largely in European style. However, equally recommendable is the Woodlands Hotel, just moved over to its new buildings in the beautiful estate in Edward Elliot Road, Mylapore, or the Tourist Home, opposite to Egmore Railway Station.

Below is a list of hotels and their addresses:—

LIST OF HOTELS, LODGING ATTACHED

Vegetarian Food

Ajanta Hotel, "Ajanta", Royapettah High Road, Madras 14 (21). Tel. 86126.

Ambi's Cafe, 8/9 Broadway, Madras 1. (All Buses to Parry's Corner). Tel. 4747.

Central Lodge, 321, Walltax Road, Madras 3 (2, 2-A, & 28). Tel. 3131.

Hotel "Connemara", Commander-in-Chief Road.

Munroe Statue at Mount Road.

Easwari Lunch Home, 7, Thana St., Purasawalkam (7-A, 14, 16, 20, 22 & 26). Tel. 3129.

Gokul Mahal, 26, Devaraja Mudali Street, Madras 3. (All Buses to Parry's Corner). Tel. 55132.

Hotel Brindavan, 2, Gandhi-Irwin Road, Egmore, Madras 3 (9, 16, 17, 22, 23, 23-A, 28 & 29). Tel. 86591.

Hotel D'Madras, 2, Poonamallee High Road, Madras 3 (9, 10, 15 & 17). Tel. 2887.

Hotel Everest, 'Jaya Mansions', Poonamallee High Road, Madras 3 (9, 10, 15 & 17). Tel. 2894.

Hotel India, 1/39, Mount Road, Madras 2 (11, 11-A, 18, 19, 25 and all Moffusil buses). Tel. 86959.

Hotel Sirdar Bhavan, 77, Devaraja Mudali Street, Madras 3 (All Buses to Parry's Corner). Tel. 2594.

Karunakarar's Cafe, 55, Monegar Choultry Road, Washermanpet, Madras 21 (6-A). Tel. 4554.

Modern Cafe, 4, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1 (All Buses to Parry's Corner). Tel. 4121.

Mysore Cafe, 182-183, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1 (All Buses to Parry's Corner). Tel. 4257.

Mohan Cafe, 363/364, Mint Street, Madras 1. Tel. 3499.

Neo Manasarovar, 8, Vallaba Agraharam, Triplicane, Madras 5. Tel. 86294.

New Modern Lodge, 1, Amir Mahal Road, Royapettah, Madras 14 (3, 4, 5 & 21). Tel. 86991.

Sree Rama Lodge, 627, Triplicane High Road, Madras 5. Tel. 86300.

Sri Sai Lodge, 1, Luz Corner, Mylapore, Madras 4 (3, 4, 5, 12, 12-A, 21, 23 & 23-A).

Swamy's Lodge, 1, General Patters Road, Madras 2, (3, 4, 5 & 21). Tel. 86262.

Swatantra Lodge, 31, Hanumantharayan Koil Street, Park Town, Madras 3 (2). Tel. 4546.

Tourist Home, Opp. Egmore Railway Station, Egmore, Madras 8 (9, 16, 17, 22, 23, 27, 28 & 29). Tel. 85200.

Udipi Sri Krishna Bhavan, "Laurels", Edward Elliotts Road, Mylapore, Madras 4 (3, 4, 5, 23 & 23-A). Tel. 85528 & 86461.

Vasant Vihar, 184/186, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1 (All Trams & Buses to Parry's Corner). Tel. 55277.

Woodlands Hotel, "Laurels", Edward Elliotts Road, Mylapore, Madras 4 (3, 4, 5, 23 & 23-A). Tel. 86461 & 85528.

Non-Vegetarian

Clarence Hotel, 26, Rundalls Road, Vepery, Madras 7 (14). Tel. 2112.

Harrison & Co., Broadway, Madras 1 (All Buses to Parry's Corner). Tel. 2091.

Hotel India, 1/39, Mount Road, Madras 2 (11, 11-A, 18, 19 & 25 and all Moffusil buses). Tel. 86959.

Hotel Select, 9, Lingha Chetty Street, Madras 1 (All Buses going to Parry's Corner). Tel. 4184.

European Style

Ambassador Hotel, 151, Mount Road, Madras 2 (11, 11-A, 18, 19, 25 and all Moffusil buses). Tel. 86923.

Chesney Hall, Private Hotel, Commander-in-Chief Road, Egmore, Madras 8 (10, 23 & 23-A). Tel. 86830.

Connemara Hotel, Binny's Road, Mount Road, Madras 2 (11, 11-A, 18, 19 & 25 and all Moffusil buses). Tel. 84094.

Victoria Hotel, Opp. Egmore Railway Station, Egmore, Madras 8 (9, 16, 17, 22, 23, 27, 28 & 29). Tel. 84388.

For the convenience of the visitor, we are listing some reliable Dry Cleaners to be found at the following addresses:—

Eastern Stores, 3/4, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Spencer & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Triplex Dry Cleaners, 1/33, Mount Road, Madras 2.

PUBLIC OFFICES IN THE CITY AND THEIR ADDRESSES

Accommodation Controller, 43, Thyagaraya Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Accountant-General's Office, Clive's Buildings, Fort St. George, Madras 9.

Accountant-General's Office (Post & Telegraphs), 2 Commander-in-Chief Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Administrator-General and Official Trustee, High Court Buildings, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Advocate-General's Office, High Court Buildings, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Aerodrome Officer, Air Port, St. Thomas' Mount, Madras 16.

Agriculture, Director of (Office), Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

All-India Radio, Marshalls Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Animal Husbandry, Director of, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Archaeological Office, South Circle, Fort St. George, Madras 9.

Archbishop of Madras, Catholic, Cathedral, 2 Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Archdeacon of Madras, St. George's Cathedral, Teynampet, Madras 6.

Assistant Foreign Trade Controller, Customs House, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Audit Office, Southern Railway, Park Town, Madras 1.

Board of Examiner's Office, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Board of Revenue, Office, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Central Traffic Board, Egmore, Madras 8.

Chemical Examiner, Customs House, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Chief Conservator of Forests, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Chief Inspector of Factories, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Chief Inspector of Certified Schools, "Asoka", Cenotaph Road, Teynampet, Madras 18.

Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Harris Road, Egmore, Madras 8

City Civil Court, High Court Buildings, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

City Improvement Trust, 60, Gopathy Narayanaswami Chetty Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Civil Supplies Commissioner, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Civil Supplies Transport Unit Office, 7, Patullo Road, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Civil Veterinary Department, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Collector of Central Excise, 5, Harrington Road, Chetput, Madras 10.

Collector of Madras, Old High Court Buildings, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Collector of Chingleput District, "Home Gardens", Saidapet, Madras 15.

Collector of Customs, and other Assistants, Customs House, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Commercial Tax Office, "Khaleeli Mansions", Mount Road, Madras 2.

Commissioner of Excise, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Commissioner of Income Tax, "Khoosaldoss Gardens", Poonamallee High Road, Kilpauk, Madras 10.

Commissioner of Excise, Dy. (North Division), Old High Court Buildngs, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Commissioner of Police, Madras City, Office, Pantheon Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Commissioner for Government Examinations, College Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Consulting Architect to Government, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Consulting Engineer for Railways, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Corporation of Madras, "Ripon Buildings', Madras 3.

Courts:

- High Court, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.
- City Civil Court, High Court Buildings, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.
- Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Harris Road, Egmore, Madras 8.
- Small Causes Court, High Court Buildings, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.
- Accommodation Controller's Court, 43, Theagaraya Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Crown Prosecutor's Office, High Court Buildings, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Customs, Offices of, Customs House, North Beach Road, Madras 1.

Director of Controlled Commodities, 'Khaleeli Mansions', Mount Road, Madras 2.

Director of Inspection, 'Locksley Hall', Poonamallee High Road, Kilpauk, Madras 10.

Director of Telegraphs, General Post Office, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Director of Town Planning, Old High Court Buildings, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Director of Medical Services, Mount Road, Madras 6.

Director of Public Health, Office, 79/81, Mount Road, Madras 6; 141, Poonamallee High Road, Kilpauk, Madras 10.

Director of Public Instruction, College Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Director of Fire Services, Marshalls Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Director of Survey, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Director of Observatory, Meteorological Reporter, College Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Electricity Department:

Madras Electricity System, 160, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Chief Electrical Inspector, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Electrical Inspector (Power), Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Electrical Engineer (General), 35/38, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Employment Exchange, 166, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Export Trade Controller, 'Customs House', First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, 'Khaleeli Mansions', Mount Road, Madras 2.

Forest Utilisation Officer, 34, Mount Road, Madras 2.

General Officer, Commanding Madras, Fort St. George, Madras 9.

Harbour Dues Office, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Hindu Religious Endowments Board, Office of the Commissioner, Nungambakkam High Road, Madras 6.

Income Tax Appellate Tribunal Office. 'Firetti', Sterling Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Industrial Tribunal, Fort St. George, Madras 9.

Industries & Commerce, Director of, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Import Trade Controller, Custom House, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Inspector of Explosives (South Circle), 2/29D Mount Road, Madras 2.

Inspector of Excise & Prohibition, Intelligence Bureau, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

Inspector of Municipal Councils & Local Boards, Old High Court Buildings, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Inspector-General of Prisons, 1 Jarretts Gardens, Casamajor Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Inspector-General of Registration, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Inspector-General of Police, South Beach Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

Inspector of Excise, Old High Court Buildings, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Medical Store Depot, Naval Hospital Road, Madras 3.

Meteorological Reporter to Government of Madras, College Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Meteorological Forecasting Office, St. Thomas' Mount, Madras 16.

Official Assignee, High Court Buildings, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Official Trustee, High Court Buildings, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Ordnance Depot, Fort St. George, Madras 9.

Paper Currency Office, Fort St. George, Madras 9.

Pay-Master, Military Pensions, Fort St. George, Madras 9.

Port Trust Office, The Harbour, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Police:

- Inspector-General of Police, South Beach Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.
- Commissioner of Police, Madras City, Pantheon Road, Egmore, Madras 8.
- Superintendent of Police, Chingleput District, St. Thomas Mount, Madras 16.

Post & Telegraphs:

- Post-master-General, Old Madras Club Bldgs., Mount Road, Madras 2.
- Presidency Post-master, G.P.O., First Line Beach, Madras 1.
- Superintendent of Post Offices, Madras City, 4/149, Broadway, Madras 1.
- Dead Letter Office, Old Madras Club Buildings, Peters Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

Protector of Emigrants, Madras, 73, Poonamallee High Road, Madras 10.

Provincial Broadcasting Department, P.W.D., Chepauk, Madras 5.

Provincial National Savings Officer, "Nut Shell", 38A, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Public Service Commission, Office, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Rationing Officer, Madras City, 5/6, Mount Road, Madras 2

Regional Controller of Railways Priorities, "Adam's Park", Madras 3.

Railway, Southern:

- General Manager and other Assistants, Office of, "Adam's Park", Madras 3.
- District Traffic Superintendent, Broad Gauge, Office of, Royapuram, Madras 13.
- District Traffic Superintendent, Metre Gauge, Beach Railway Station, Madras 1.

Regional Food Commissioner, 48, Harrington Road, Chetput, Madras 10.

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Chepauk Buildings, Chepauk, Madras 5.

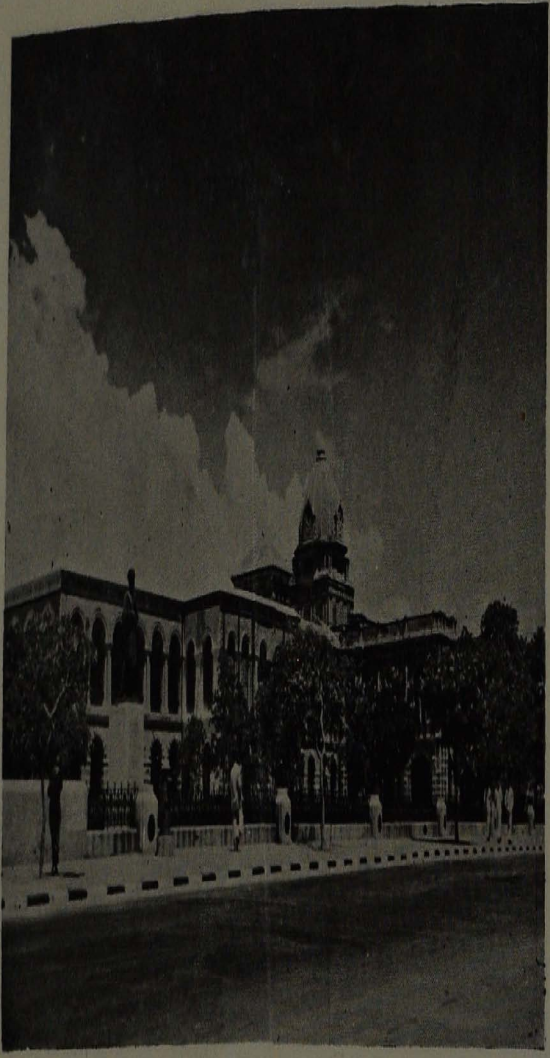
Registrar, Madras Medical Council, Mount Road, Madras 6.

Registrar of Books, College Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Senior Translator to Government of Madras, College Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Secretariat, Madras Government, Fort St. George, Madras 9.

Transport Commissioner, Office, Transport Lines, Body Guard's Road, Madras 2.



The Presidency College with the Statue of Dr. Kuppuswami Sastri at the front.

LIST OF COLLEGES IN THE CITY

Arts and Sciences:

Arts College, Government, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Ethiraj College for Women, "Victoria Crescent Buildings", 22 Commander-in-Chief Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Loyola College, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Madras Christian College, Tambaram.

New College, Peters Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

Pachaiyappa's College, Poonamallee High Road, Kilpauk, Madras 10.

Presidency College, Marina, Triplicane, Madras 5.

Queen Mary's College, South Beach Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

Sir Theagaraya College, Washermanpet, Madras 21.

Stella Maries College, San Thome, Mylapore, Madras 4.

Vivekananda College, Mylapore, Madras 4.

Women's Christian College, College Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Professional:

Law:

Madras Law College, Esplanade, Madras 1.

Medicine:

Madras Medical College, Madras 3.

Stanley Medical College, Royapuram, Madras 13.

College of Indigenous Medicine, Poonamallee High Road, Kilpauk, Madras 10.

Engineering:

Alagappa Chettiar College of Technology, Guindy, Madras 15.

Engineering College, Guindy, Madras 15.

Madras Institute of Technology, Chromepet P.O.

Central Polytechnic, Broadway, Madras 1.

Teaching:

Lady Willingdon Training College, South Beach Road, Triplicane, Madras 5.

Meston Training College, Westcott Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

St. Christopher's Training College, Vepery, Madras 7.

Teachers' College, Saidapet, Madras 15.

Veterinary:

Madras Veterinary College, Vepery High Road, Madras 7.

Physical Education:

Y.M.C.A. College of Physical Education, Saidapet, Madras 15.

Music:

Central College of Karnataka Music, 'Bridge House,' Adyar, Madras 20.

CLUBS AND ASSOCIATIONS IN THE CITY OF MADRAS

ANDHRA MAHILA SABHA (Regd.), Luz Church Road, Mylapore, Madras 4. Phone No. 86961. (3, 4, 5, 12, 12-A, 23 & 23-A).

AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHERN INDIA, 202, Mount Road, Madras 2. Phone No. 86869. (1, 2, 2-A, 3, 4, 5, 11, 11-A, 18, 19, 21 and all Mofussil buses)

BOY SCOUTS ASSOCIATION, Wenlock Park, Marina, Triplicane, Madras 5. (All Buses to Triplicane and 21-A & 21-B.)

COSMOPOLITAN CLUB, Mount Road, Madras 2. Phone Nos. 86909 (Club House); 8150 (Mofussil Quarters). (3, 4, 5, 11, 11-A, 18, 19, 21 and all Mofussil buses)

GOKULAM VILLAGE WELFARE ASSOCIATION, "Eureka", 3 Sadasiva Iyer Street, Gopalapuram, Cathedral Post, Madras 6. Phone No. 86951. (3, 4, 5 & 13)

HINDUSTAN SCOUT ASSOCIATION, Provincial Headquarters, 2 North Mada Street, Mylapore, Madras 4. (3, 4, 5, 5-A, 12-A, 23 & 23-A)

INDIAN OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION, "Mohana Vilas", Royapettah, Madras 14. Phone No. 2012. (21)

INDIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY, "Red Cross Buildings", Montieth Road, Egmore, Madras 8. Phone No. 8167. (10)

MADRAS AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC SOCIETY (Regd.), 6 Hunters Road, Vepery, Madras 7. (14)

MADRAS ANDHRA DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE, 715 High Road, Triplicane, Madras 5. Phone No. 86217. (1, 2, 22 & 25).

MADRAS CITY HARIJAN SĖVAK SANGH, 8 Westcott Road, Royapettah, Madras 14 Phone No. 86252. (3, 4, 5 & 21)

MADRAS CLUB, "Branson Bagh", Cathedral, Madras 6. Phone No. 84035. (11, 11-A, 13, 17, 18, 19, 25 and all Mofussil buses)

MADRAS CRICKET ASSOCIATION, Madras 5. (1, 2, 22 & 25)

MADRAS ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION, "Senate House", Triplicane, Madras 5. (1, 2, 22 & 25)

MADRAS INTERNATIONAL FELLOWSHIP, 2-A Madavakkam Street, Kilpauk, Madras 10. (20)

MADRAS KERALA SAMAJ (Regd.), 8 Lauders Gate Road, Vepery, Madras 7. (16, 22, & 27)

MADRAS LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, 4 Sami Pillai Street, Triplicane, Madras 5. (1, 2, 13, 22 & 25)

MADRAS RACE CLUB, Guindy, Saidapet, Madras 15. Phone Nos. 88278 & 88238. (All Mofussil buses)

MADRAS SEVA SADAN, "Shenstone Park", Harrington Road, Chetput, Madras 10. Phone No. 85362. (23, 23-A & 24)

MADRAS UNITED CLUB, 8 Fraser's Bridge Road, Park Town, Madras 3. Phone No. 2179. (All buses to Parry's)

MALAYALEE CLUB, Srinivasanagar, Egmore, Madras 8. (9 & 10)

MUSLIM EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHERN INDIA, 49 Peters Road, Royapettah, Madras 14. Phone No. 86518. (3, 4, 5, 13 & 21)

NON-GAZETTED GOVERNMENT OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION (CENTRAL), MADRAS, 31 Neeli Veeraswami Chetty Street, Triplicane, Madras 5. (1, 2, 13, 22 & 25)

NURSES' ASSOCIATION OF MADRAS, 6 Rundall's Road, Vepery, Madras 7. Phone No. 4019. (14)

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, 8 Westcott Road, Royapettah, Madras 14. Phone No. 86252. (3, 4, 5 & 21)

SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS, MADRAS, 22 Vepery High Road, Madras 7. Phone No. 3306. (7, 7-A & 7-B)

SOUTH INDIAN ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION, LTD., The Moore Pavilion, People's Park, Madras 3. Phone No. 2405. (All buses to Central)

SOUTH INDIA TEACHERS' UNION, 520 High Road, Triplicane, Madras 5. Phone No. 8204.

SOUTHERN INDIA BRAHMO-SAMAJ, 135 Anna Pillai Street, Madras 1. (All buses to Parry's)

SRI RAMAKRISHNA MATH & MISSION, Brodies Road, Mylapore, Madras 4. Phone No. 86231. (12 & 21)

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION, 81 Mount Road, Madras 2. Phone No. 88198. (11, 11-A, 17, 18 & 19 and all Mofussil buses)

SUGUNA VILASA SABHA, 14 Mount Road, Madras 2. Phone No. 86770. (3, 4, 5, 11, 11-A, 17, 18, 19 and all Mofussil buses)

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, Adyar, Madras 20. Phone No. 86077. (5, 5-A & 23-A)

YOUNG MEN'S INDIAN ASSOCIATION, Besant Memorial Buildings, 9 Armenian Street, Madras 1. Phone No. 3254. (All buses to Parry's)

YOUNG MEN'S INDIAN ASSOCIATION, 4/47 Royapettah High Road, Madras 14. Phone No. 85349. (12 & 21)

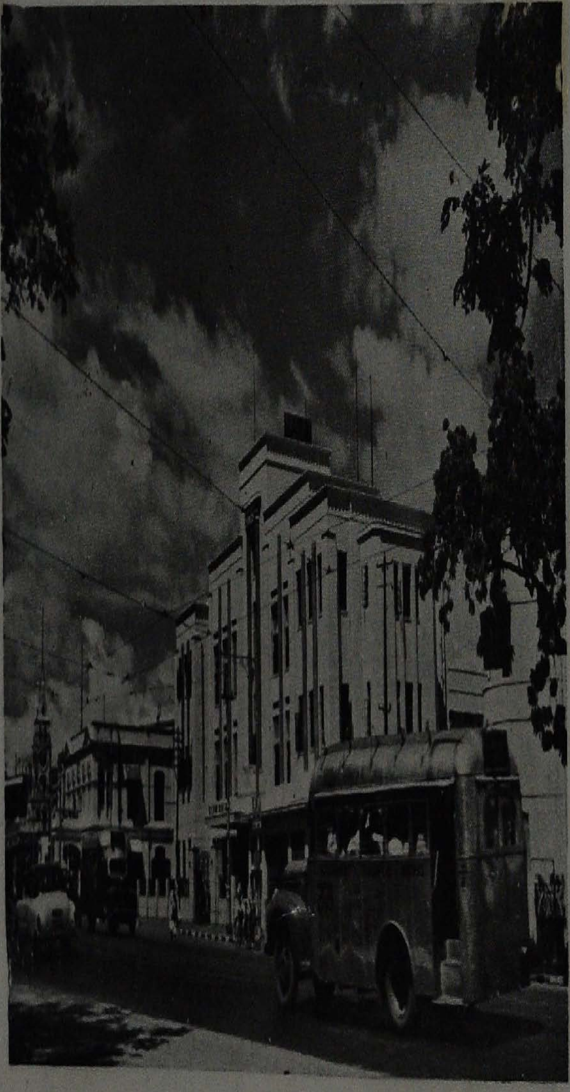
YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, Esplanade, Madras 1. Phone No. 2562. (Branch): Peters Road, Royapettah, Madras 14. Phone No. 86571. (All Trams to Parry's)

YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, 214/217, Poonamallee High Road, Madras 7. Phone No. 2539. (15 & 24)

PICTURE-HOUSES IN THE CITY

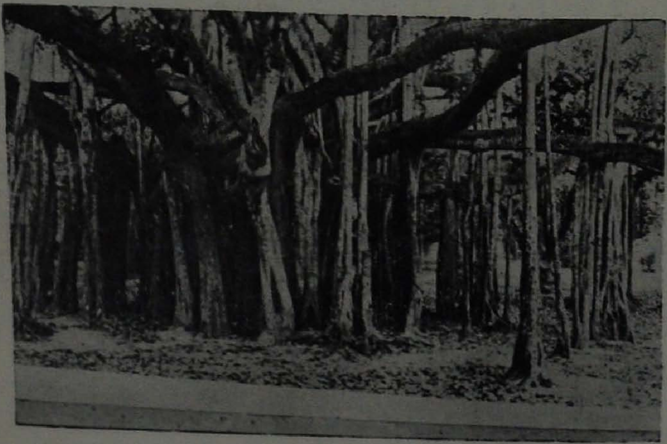
1. Ashok Talkies, Sydenham's Road, Periamet.
2. Brighton Talkies, Suryanarayana Chetti Street, Royapuram.
3. Broadway Talkies, Broadway.
4. Casino, Blackers Road, Mount Road.
5. Chitra, Langs Garden Road, Mount Road.
6. Crown, Mint Street.
7. Gaiety Talkies, Blackers Road, Mount Road.
8. Kamadhenu Talkies, Luz Church Road, Mylapore.
9. Kapali Talkies, Brodies Road, Mylapore.
10. Kinema Central, St. Xaviers Street, George Town.
11. Lakshmi Talkies, Poonamallee High Road, Aminjikarai.

12. Lakshmi Talkies, Strahan's Road, Perambur.
13. Maharani Talkies, Tiruvottiyur High Road, Washermanpet.
14. Midland Talkies, General Patters Road, Royapettah.
15. Minerva Talkies, Davidson Street, George Town.
16. New Elphinstone Talkies, Mount Road.
17. New Globe, Mount Road.
18. Paragon Talkies, Wallajah Road, Mount Road.
19. Prabhat Talkies, Broadway.
20. Regal Talkies, Wall Tax Road.
21. Roxy Talkies, Purasawalkam High Road, Purasawalkam.
22. Sagar Talkies, Woods Road, Mount Road.
23. Saraswathi Talkies, Strahan's Road, Perambur.
24. Sayani Talkies, Konnur High Road, Perambur.
25. Select Talkies, Thatha Muthiappan Street, George Town.
26. Star Talkies, Triplicane High Road, Triplicane.
27. Sun Theatre, Gopathy Narayanaswamy Chetti Road, T. Nagar.
28. Venus Talkies, Paper Mills Road, Perambur.
29. Wellington Talkies, General Patters Road, Mount Road.



The Offices of **The Hindu** and **The Mail**, at Mount Road.

The Hall at The Theosophical Society, Adyar with the walls inscribed with the symbols of different religions.



The famous Banyan Tree at Adyar.

MEDICAL INFORMATION

Government General Hospital
Park Town, Madras 3
Phone: 4991

Dean: Dr. R. V. Rajam, M.B., M.D., M.R.C.P. (Edin).

R.M.O.: Dr. J. S. Rao, M.B., B.S.

Physician: Dr. K. S. Sanjivi, M.D.

Physician: Dr. P. Ratnasami, B.A., M.D.

Physician: Dr. R. Subramanian, B.Sc., M.D., M.R.C.P. (Lond.).

Physician: Dr. S. T. Achar, M.D. (Mad.), F.R.C.P. (Canada).

Hon. Physician: Lt.-Col. K. P. G. Menon, M.R.C.P.

Surgeon: Lt.-Col. Sangham Lal, F.R.C.S. (Eng.), D.O.M.S. (Lond.).

Surgeon: Dr. D. Subramania Iyer, M.S., F.R.C.S. (Eng.).

Surgeon: Dr. C. K. Padmanabha Menon, M.S., F.R.C.S. (Eng.).

Hon. Surgeon: Lt.-Col. C. R. Krishnaswamy, M.S.

Hon. Surgeon: Dr. C. P. Viswanatha Menon, M.S., F.R.C.S.

Hon. Surgeon: Dr. U. Mohan Rao.

Orthopaedic Surgeon: Dr. V. R. Thayumanaswami, F.R.C.S. (Eng.), M.Ch. (Orth.).

E.N.T.: Dr. M. N. Prabhu, M.S.

Venereal Diseases: Dr. P. N. Rangiah, M.D.

Skin Specialist: Lt.-Col. J. Eapen, M.B., B.S., F.D.S.

Dental Surgeon: Sri M. G. Rao, L.D., S.C., P.G.R. (Calif.), F.A.I.D. (U.S.A.).

Radiology & X-ray: Dr. K. M. Rai.

Government Stanley Hospital, Royapuram
Phone : 4985

Superintendent: Dr. C. Raghavachari, M.S., F.R.C.S.
Resident Medical Officer: Dr. P. R. Ramachandradu, M.B., B.S.
Physician: Dr. N. Vaidyanatha Iyer, M.D.
Hon. Physician: Dr. K. C. Paul, M.D.
Surgeon: Dr. R. Mahadevan, M.S., F.R.C.S.
Hon. Surgeon: Dr. K. C. Nambiar, F.R.C.S.
Ophthalmic Surgeon: Dr. M. A. Nair, M.B., B.S., D.O.M.S., D.O.
Hon. Ophthalmic Surgeon: Dr. V. C. Sudarsanam, M.B., D.O.
Skin Specialist: Dr. S. Rajagopalan, L.M. & S., F.D.S.
Venereal Department: Dr. P. Natesan, M.B., B.S.
E.N.T. Department: Dr. C. Satyanarayana, M.S., D.L.O.
Radiology & X-ray: Dr. Arthur Daniel, M.B., B.S., D.M.R.
Orthopaedic Department: Dr. B. Shanmugeswara Rao, M.S.
Anaesthetist: Dr. Venu Gopal.

Raja Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar Lying-in Hospital, Royapuram
Phone : 3356

Superintendent: Dr. P. Madhavan, B.A., M.D.
Asst. Superintendent: Dr. (Mrs.) Mary Phillipose, B.A., M.B., B.S., D.G.O.
R.M.O.: Dr. Bhaskara Rao, M.D.
Medical Officers: Dr. E. P. Mathew, M.B., B.S., Dr. (Miss) U. C. Thaliath, M.B., B.S., D.G.O.

Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Marshalls Road, Egmore, Madras 8
Phone : 86823

Superintendent: Dr. R. E. S. Muthiah, M.B., M.S., D.O. (Oxon).

Royapettah Hospital, Govt., Royapettah, Madras
Phone: 86913

Superintendent: Dr. P. R. Kalyanasundaram, M.B., B.S.

Resident Medical Officer: Dr. K. Ramnath, M.B., B.S.

Hon. Physician: Dr. A. V. S. Sarma, F.R.C.S. (Lond.).

Hon. Physician: Dr. C. Sankaran, M.B., B.S.

Hon. Surgeon: Dr. K. S. Iyer.

Hon. Surgeon: Dr. A. S. Ramakrishnan, M.B., M.S.

Hon. Ophthalmic Surgeon: Dr. N. Srinivasan.

Hon. Medical Officer, Leprosy Department: Dr. J. H. Peters, L.M.P.

E.N.T. Surgeon: Dr. T. M. Srinivasan, B.Sc., M.B., B.S.

Radiologist: Dr. M. K. Thyagarajan, M.B., B.S., D.M.R.

Medical Officer, T. B. Clinic: Dr. S. G. Sundaram, T.D.D.

Anaesthetist: Dr. Dennis Anthony.

Government Hospital for Women & Children
Pantheon Road, Egmore, Madras 8
Phone: 84061

Superintendent: Dr. R. K. K. Tampan, B.A., M.B., B.S., D.G.O.

Hon. Consultant: Dr. A. Lakshmanaswamy Mudaliar, M.D. &c.

R.M.O.: Dr. Gengadharan, L.M. & S.

Gynaecologist: Dr. M. K. Krishna Menon, B.A., M.B., B.S., D.G.O.

Ante-natal care: Dr. (Mrs.) S. Abraham, M.B., B.S., D.G.O.

Government Mental Hospital
Medavakkam Tank Road, Kilpauk, Madras 10
Phone: 2600
Superintendent: Dr. A. S. Johnson, M.R.C.P.

Infectious Diseases Hospital
Tondiarpet, Madras 21
Superintendent: Dr. M. A. Hadi.

Government Hospital of Indian Medicine
Poonamallee High Road, Kilpauk, Madras 10
Phone: 2796
Superintendent: Dr. M. Parankusam, L.M· & S., F.I.M.
R.M.O., Surgical: Dr. V. K. Venkataswami, M.B., B.S., F.I.M.
" Medical: Dr. M. Mallikarjuna Rao, H.P.I.M.
" Maternity: Dr. N. Chakrapani, L.M.P.
Physician, Allopathy: Dr. V. K. Venkataswami, M.B., B.S., F.I.M.
Physician, Ayurveda: Dr. M. Mallikarjuna Rao, H·P.I.M.
Physician, Siddha: Dr. K. Kasinathan, H.P.I.M.
Physician, Unani: Dr. Mir Fida Hussain, H.P.I.M.
Surgeon, Western System of Medicine: Dr. A. C. Balaram, M.B., B.S.
E·N.T.: Ayurveda: Dr. I. V. Sarma.
Siddha: Dr. C. Dorairajan.
Unani: Dr. Mhd. Ibrahim.
Ophthalmic Surgeon: Dr. G. A. Sundararajan·
Anti-rabic and Toxicology: Dr. K. S. Rangaswami.
Panchakarma treatment: Dr. M. K. Vaidyar.
Chest Clinic: Dr. M. Visweswara Sastri, H.P.I.M.; Dr. K. S. Rangaswamy.
Skin & Leprosy: Dr. T. P. Rajagopal, H.P.I.M.

Kasturba Gandhi Hospital for Women & Children
Triplicane, Madras 5
Phone : 86892

Superintendent: Dr. (Miss) E. A. King, M.B., F.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.) &c.
Asst. Superintendent: Dr. (Mrs.) T. Parukutty Raman, M.D., D.T.M. & M., etc.
R.M.O.: Dr. (Mrs.) E. M. Kuruvilla, L.M. & S.
Civil Surgeon: Dr. (Mrs.) M. John, M.B., B.S., F.R.C.S.
Assistant Surgeons: Dr. (Mrs.) N. Subadra Devi; Dr. (Miss) Leela Reddy; Dr. (Miss) Kanakadurgammal, M.B., B.S., M.D.; Dr. Gnanasundaram.
Government Tuberculosis Institute, Spur Tank Road, Egmore, Madras 8. Phone 86890.
Government Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Tambaram. Phone 80733.
Sri Tiruvatteswarar Tuberculosis Hospital, Konnur High Road, Otteri, Madras 12. Phone 4827.

Nursing Homes and Private Hospitals

85511 St. Isabel Hospital, Oliver Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

8120 Dr. E. V. Kalyani's Nursing Home, "Dvaraka", Edward Elliots Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

84114 Kalyani Hospital, Edward Elliotts Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

2162 Lakshmi Memorial Clinic, 81 Poonamallee High Road, Madras 10.

88213 The Clinic—Dr. Shantasundari, & Dr. S. Rajagopalan, Masilamani Mudaliar Road, T. Nagar.

88054 Lakshmi Nursing Home, 8 Usman Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

4656 Maternity & Nursing Home, 127 Purasawalkam High Road, Purasawalkam, Madras 7.

86215 Mental Clinic, "Shantiniketan", Sterling Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

2932 Dr. Mohan Rau's Nursing Home, 207 Poonamallee High Road, Madras 7.

2404 Rainy Hospital, Gollavar Agraharam, Tondiarpet, Madras 21.

86018 Ramakrishna Nursing Home, 12 Marshalls Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

88000 Dr. C. Ranganathan, 6 Sivaprakasa Mudaliar Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

86884 Rangachari Home, 60/6 Edward Elliotts Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

8391 Ranga Nursing Home, 32 Royapettah High Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

86011 Saroja Nursing Home, "Dilkusha", Peters Road, Madras 14.

88389 Dr. P. Tirumala Rao, 88 Thyagaraya Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

3336 Dr. Sundaravadanam's Nursing Home, 199 Poonamallee High Road, Madras 7.

86933 Venus Clinic & Nursing Home, 172 Royapettah High Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

The Ripon Buildings housing the Corporation of Madras.

86893 Willingdon Nursing Home, The Lady, Pycrofts Garden Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Clinics

86194 Dr. K. S. Aiyer, Purushotham Buildings, Mount Road, Madras 2.

8189 Dr. A. V. Avadhani, 137 Brodies Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

8139 Dr. Jammi V. Badarinarayana, 1/1 Brodies Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

85479 Besant Clinic, 97-A, Dr. Besant Road, Madras 5.

3169 Dr. T. G. Bhagavat, 188 Govindappa Naick Street, Madras 1.

3092 Broadway Clinic, 160 Broadway, Madras 1.

88084 Dr. V. C. Chakrapani, 9 Venkatanarayana Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

84158 Dr. P. V. Cherian, 14 Marshalls Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

2163 Dr. U. Krishna Rao, 324 Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

88012 Dr. N. Krishnasami's "Shanti Clinic", Saidapet, Madras 15.

86990 Madras Surgical Clinic, "Kesava Prasad", Luz Church Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

4116 Malabar Ayurvedic Stores & Dispensary, 107/108 Broadway, Madras 1.

2490 Dr. U. L. Narayana Rau, 494 Mint Street, Madras 3.

85254 D. Pilla Papiah Patrudu & Bros., 19 South Mada Street, Mylapore, Madras 4.

86089 Major K. Ragavachari, 56 Nallathambi Street, Triplicane, Madras 5.

86015 Dr. M. Santhosham's 'Lung Clinic', 66 Egmore High Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

4183 Dr. A. V. S. Sarma, 49 Krishnappa Naicken Agraharam, Madras 1.

8378 Saroja Pharmacy, 3 Westcott Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

88294 Dr. S. G. Sundaram's 'Chest Clinic', 2 Neeli Veerasami Pillai Street, Madras 5.

88353 Tuberculosis Clinic, 25 Venkatanarayana Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Radiologists and X-Ray

2893 Chest Clinic (Dr. D. Damodar Das), 362 Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

88054 Thyagarayanagar X-rays (Dr. S. Srinivasachari, M.B., B.S.), 8 Usman Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

3318 X-ray Institute (Dr. P. Rama Rau), 155/157 Poonamallee High Road, Madras 10.

86641 X-ray Institute (Dr. K. R. Duraiswamy), 29 Edward Elliotts Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

2888 X-ray Institute (Dr. T. K. Sundaram), 5 Landon's Road, Kilpauk, Madras 10.

4991 X-ray Institute, Government (Now the Barnard Institute of Radiology), General Hospital, Madras 3.

85467 X-ray Institute (Dr. S. Sivaramakrishnan), 60 Luz Church Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

2501 X-ray Institute (Dr. T. Balakrishnan), 208 Poonamallee High Road, Madras 7.

3786 X-ray & Fluoroscope Diagnostic (Dr. K. Venkata Rao), 29 Gangadhareswarar Koil St., Purasawalkam, Madras 7.

E. N. T. Specialists

3936 Maj.-Gen. S. C. Alagappan, F.R.C.S.E., 189 Poonamallee High Road, Madras 7.

84158 Dr. P. V. Cherian, F.R.C.S.E. (Surgery), 14 Marshalls Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

85425 Dr. V. S. Subramaniam, (Res.), 34 Edward Elliotts Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

Ophthalmic Doctors

84044 Dr. T. S. Doraisami, "Rajeswari Gardens", Madeley Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

2458 Dr. M. A. Nair, 49 Poonamallee High Road, Madras 7.

8120 Dr. E. V. Srinivasan, 'Dvaraka', Edward Elliotts Road, Madras 4.

86581 Dr. V. C. Sudarsanam, (Res.), 157/1 Lloyds Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

Dr. V. C. Sudarsanam, (Clinic), Armenian Street, Madras 1.

2964 Dr. V. Vijayaraghavan, 28 Perambur Barracks Road, Madras 7.

8143 Dr. G. Zachariah, 16 Marshalls Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Dentists

86277 Dr. K. Azuma, 3/4 Mount Road, Madras 2.

86873 Dr. M. L. Freeman, Bharat Buildings, Mount Road, Madras 2.

88076 Dr. P. N. V. Giri, 29, Pandy Bazaar, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

86805 Dr. C. A. Pillai, Purushotham Buildings, Mount Road, Madras 2.

85748 Dr. G. B. Raj, 139 Lloyds Road, Gopalapuram, Madras 6.

2826 Dr. C. S. Raman, 322/23 Linghi Chetty Street, Madras 1.

86187 Dr. H. Thein, 29-B Mount Rd., Madras 2.

Homoeopathists

88089 Koppikar Dr. P. Shanker Rao, 20 Ranganathan Street, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

88091 Col. K. V. Ramana Rao, M.R.C.S., 26 Crescent Second Road, Gandhinagar, Madras 20.

Vaids

85242 Badarinarayana, Dr. V. Jammi, 8 Salai Street, Mylapore, Madras 4.

85254 D. Pilla Papiah Patrudu & Bros., 19 South Mada Street, Mylapore, Madras 4.

88179 Dr. M. K. Vaidyar, 7 North Crescent Road, Madras 17.

Ayurvedic Physician

U. P. Sankunni Menon, "Amrita Bhuvan," High Road, Egmore.

Chemists and Druggists

3355 Allen & Co., 42 Raghunayakulu Street, Madras 3.

2182 Amarchand Sobachand, 95 Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

3455 Appah & Co., 286 Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

86440 Aryan Drug Stores, 2/88 Iyah Mudali Street, Chintadripet, Madras 2.

4022 Balabhai & Co., 260 Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

3851 Bharat Drug Co., 144 Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

4209 Chandanmal & Co., 97 Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

8363 Chanders Pharmacy, Mylapore, Madras 4.

55238 City Chemists, 132 Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

2610 Dadha & Co., Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

3886 Drug House, 103 Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

86748 Eclectic Pharmacy & Dispensary (Dr. Nanjunda Rao), 49 Singarachari Street, Triplicane, Madras 5.

2349 Hale & Co., 1/288 Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

2091 Harrison & Co., Broadway, Madras 1.

Indo-Germania Co., Sellers of Homeopathic Drugs, Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

86865 Letoille, J. F., 180 Mount Road, Madras 2.

86000 Luz Pharmacy, 8/94 Royapettah High Road, Madras 4.

4650 Madras Chemicals & Pharmaceuticals Ltd., 223 Tiruvottiyur High Road, Tondiarpet, Madras 21.

4366 Madras Medical & General Supplies Ltd., 56 Broadway, Madras 1.

3447 Madras Drug Stores, 140 Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

3757 Mayer & Co., 16 Iyyah Pillai Street, Madras 3.

88218 Medical Hall, 69 Pondy Bazaar, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

4129 Milton & Miller, 1/157 Broadway, Madras 1.

84189 Mount Pharmacy Ltd., 2/4 Mount Road, Madas 2.

2046 Nayagr, A. S., 2 Subramaniam Lane, Ratan Bazaar, Madras 3.

3194 Pereir Ltd., Wilfred, Hunters Road, Vepry, Madras 7.

8209 Pereia Ltd., Wilfred, 25 Mount Road, Madras 2.

2103 Sowarpet Drug Stores, 411 Mint Street, Madras 1.

84001 Spencer & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

88095 Vani Pharmacy, Pondy Bazaar, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

8189 Vani Pharmacy, Mylapore, Madras 4.

Pharmacies

The following pharmacies are open day and night.

8363 Chander's Pharmacy, Royapettah High Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

3194 Pereira Ltd., Wilfred, Hunters Road, Vepery, Madras 7.

84001 Spencer & Co., Chemist Dept., Mount Road, Madras 2.

88095 Vani Pharmacy, Pondy Bazaar, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

4366 Madras Medical and General Supplies Ltd., 56 Broadway, Madras 1

Clinical Laboratories

4848 Clinical Laboratory, The, 6 Govindappa Naick Street, Madras 1.

4249 Clinical Research Laboratory, 62 Poonamallee High Road, Madras 7.

2988/50 Corporation Pathologica Laboratory, behind the Ripon Buding Corporation, Madras 3.

8328 Ehrlich Laboratory, Balajinagar, Royapettah, Madras 14.

4668 Garbani Laboratories, "Queene House", Anderson Road, Perambur.

88039 & 88453 King Institute of Preventive Medicine, Guindy, Saidapet, Madras 15.

8124 Research Laboratory and Pharmacy, The, 23 Harris Road, Madras 2.

85305 Srinivasa Clinical Laboratory, "Khaleeli Mansions", Mount Road, Madras 2.

WHERE TO BUY

For the convenience of the purchaser an alphabetical classification is given below of the various types of merchandise with accompanying addresses. By no means exhaustive, this information has been compiled in response to our advertisements.

Advertising Consultants

Easterns, 16/2, Mount Road, Madras 2

Federal Advertising Service, 1/17-H, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Keymer & Co., Ltd., D.J., 10, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Lintas Ltd., 11/14, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Mani & Co., P.S., 2/4, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Stronachs & Co. (India) Ltd., L.A., 'Purushotham Buildings', Mount Road, Madras 2.

Aerated Waters & Cool Drink Manufacturers

City Ice & Cold Storage Co., The, 10, General Patters Road, Mount Road, Madras 2.

McDowell's Aerated Waters, 22, Moore Street, Madras 1.

Spencer & Co., Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Vincent & Co., Ltd., 51, Gengu Reddy Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Automotive, Agricultural & Industrial Machinery Equipment and Parts

Best & Co., Ltd., Post Box 63, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

British & Eastern Engineering Co., The, 16, General Patters Road, Madras 2.

Coromandel Engineering Co., Ltd., 106 Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Gannon Dunkerly & Co. (Madras) Ltd., 14, Boag Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

General Commercial Corporation Ltd., 297, Lingha Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Kamani Engineering Co., Jones Lane, Broadway, Madras 1.

Larson & Toubro Ltd., 5, Club House Road, Near Connemara Hotel, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Marshall & Co. Ltd., 9, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Simpson & Co. Ltd., 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Spence Ltd., 2/28, General Patters Road, Madras 1.

William Jacks & Co. Ltd., National Bank of India Buildings, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Bicycle Dealers and Manufacturers of Spare Parts

Addison & Co. Ltd., 160, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Dunlop Rubber Co. (India) Ltd., The, 4/29, Mount Road, Madras 2.

English Cycle & Motor Importing Co. Ltd., 9, Broadway, Madras 1.

Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co. (India) Ltd., The, 159, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Goodyear Tyre & Rubber Co. of India Ltd., The, 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Madras Cycle & Motor Co., The, 10, Sembudoss Street, Madras 1.

Metropolitan Cycle House, The, 24, Broadway, Madras 1.

Raja Cycle Co., 6/8, Broadway, Madras 1.

Royal Cycle & Motor Co., 13/14, Broadway, Madras 1.

Saraswathi Cycle Importing Co., 15, Broadway, Madras 1.

Saurashtra Cycle Importing Co. Ltd., 15-a, Broadway, Madras 1.

T.I. Cycles of India Ltd., 106, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Block & Rubber-Stamp Makers

Central Art Press, "Acton Lodge", 11, McNichol Road, Chetput, Madras 10.

Klein & Peyrl, 30, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Mail, The Madras, 201 Mount Road, Madras 2.

Newton & Co., 80, Wallajah Road, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Railway Booking Offices

Booking Office, Mount Road, Madras 2 (Phone : 2553).

Booking Office, Rattan Bazaar Road, Madras 3 (Phone : 2272).

Booking Office, Pycrofts Road, Madras 5 (Phone : 3069).

Booking Office, Kotwal Bazaar (Phone : 2153).

Booking Office, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17 (Phone : 88491).

Manufacturers of Drugs & Representatives

Alembic Distributing Agency (Madras), 154, Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 1.

Amarchand Sobachand, 95, Nyneappa Naick Street. Madras 3.

Amrutanjan Ltd., 7, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Appah & Co., 286, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Aryavaidya Pharmacy (Coimbatore) Ltd., 32-a, Halls Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

Associated Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., 40, Muker Nallamuthu Street, Madras 1.

Calcutta Chemical Co. Ltd., 5/149, Broadway, Madras 1.

Cipla Laboratories, 1/186, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Cochin Pharmacal Co., Mount Road, Madras 2.

St. George's Cathedral, Mount Road.

Dadha & Co., Naineappa Naick Street, Madras 1.

Dasai Gounder & Co., N., 41, Bunder Street, Madras 1.

Deccan Chemicals Ltd., The (Office), 107, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Glaxo Laboratories (India) Ltd., 167, Broadway, Madras 1.

Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd., Springhaven Road, South, The Harbour, Madras 1.

Kemp & Co. Ltd., Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Madras Provincial Indian Medical Practitioners' Co-operative Society, Road leading to Tiruvanmiyur, Adyar, Madras 20. Town Sales Depot. Round Thana, Mount Road, Madras 2.

McDowell & Co. Ltd., Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

May & Baker (India) Ltd., "Purushotham Buildings", Mount Road, Madras 2.

Mettur Chemical & Industrial Corporation Ltd., (Office) 120, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Mount Mettur Pharmaceuticals, 3, Greenways Road, Madras 20.

Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., 15, Sunkurama Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Parry & Co. Ltd., Pharmaceutical Department, Dare House, Madras 1.

Pharmed Ltd., 16, Broadway, Madras 1.

Raka Corporation Ltd., 39, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Sandoz Products Ltd., 8/9, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Sarabhai Chemicals, 14, Stringer's Street, Madras 1.

Spencer & Co. Ltd., Pharmaceutical Department, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Standard Products Ltd., 79, Sembudoss Street, Madras 1.

Teddington Chemical Factory Ltd., 32/33, Lingha Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Booksellers & Publishers

Ananda Book Depot, "Acton Lodge", McNichol Road, Chetput, Madras 10.

Blackie & Son (India) Ltd., 3, Rajamannar Street, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Christian Literature Society, Memorial Hall, Park Town, Madras 3.

Higginbothams (Madras) Ltd., 164, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Mahadevan, K., Luz Corner, Mylapore, Madras 4.

National Publishing Co., 6, Kondi Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Orient Longmans Ltd., 36-a, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Oxford University Press, 'Bharat Buildings,' Mount Road, Madras 4.

Paul & Co., B. G., 4, Francis Joseph Street, Madras 1.

Perumal Chetty & Sons, V., 292, Esplanade, Madras 1.

Presidency Book Supplies, The, (Book Centre), 8-c, Pycrofts Road, Triplicane, Madras 5.

Rochhouse & Sons Ltd., 4, Francis Joseph Street, Madras 1.

South India Saiva Siddhanta Works Publishing Society, Tinnevelly, The, 1/140, Broadway, Madras 1.

Srinivasa Varadachari & Co., 2/16, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Subbiah Chetty & Co., C., 62, Big Street, Triplicane, Madras 5.

Tamil Pannai Ltd., 6/2, Nageswara Rao Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Varadachari & Co., P., 8, Lingha Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Venkateswara Sastrulu, 292, Esplanade, Madras 1.

Viswanathan, S., 'Acton Lodge', 11, McNichol Road, Chetput, Madras 10.

Cement & Cement Works

Asbestos Cement, Ltd., 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Best & Co. Ltd., First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Cement Concrete Works, The, Woodlands, Westcott Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

Cement Marketing Co. of India Ltd., 9, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co. Ltd., 42/C, Top Flat, Harrington Road, Chetput, Madras 10.

Galia Kotwala & Co. Ltd., C.A., 4/153, Broadway, Madras 1.

India Cements Ltd., The, 11/12, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Kuppuswamy Naicker, M., 15, Sembudoss Street, Madras 1.

Coffee & Tea Dealers

Brooke Bond (India) Ltd., 310/11, Lingha Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Ganesh & Co., 22, Venkatanarayana Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Lipton Ltd., 129, Moore Street, Madras 1.

Narasu's Manufacturing Co., 9, Kennetts Lane, Egmore, Madras 8.

Polson Ltd., 129, Moore Street, Madras 1.

Spencer & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Colours, Paints and Varnishes

Addisons Paints & Chemicals Ltd., "Huzur Gardens", Madhavaram High Road, Sembiam, Madras 11.

Colours Trading Co. Ltd., 214, Govindappa Naick Street, Madras 1.

Khatau Vallabhdas & Co., 14, Govindappa Naick Street, Madras 1.

Shalimar Paint, Colour and Varnish Co. Ltd., 8/9, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Confectionery

K.C.P. Confectionery (Madras) Ltd., The, Arcot Road, Kodambakkam, Madras 24.

M.A.P. Industries, Tiruvottiyur High Road, Tondiarpet, Madras 21.

National Confectionery Works, (Office), 41 Anderson Street, Madras 1.

Parry & Co. Ltd., Parry's Corner, Madras 1.

Dress Makers

Answer Dresses, 1st Floor, 289, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Moidoo Brothers, 4/287, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Tassal Dresses, 31, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Zubeida Dresses, Esplanade, Madras 1.

Electrical Goods, Repairers, etc.

A.C.E.C. (India) Ltd., 19/21, Muker Nallamuthu Street, Madras 1.

British Insulated Callender's Cables Ltd., 37, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

British Eastern & Engineering Co., The, General Patters Road, Madras 2.

Crompton Engineering Co. Ltd., Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

General Electric Co. (India) Ltd., 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

General Radio & Appliances Ltd., 18/20, Budaperumal Naicken Street, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Janshi & Co., G., 163, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Mahommed Ebrahim & Co. Ltd., Victory House, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Rallis (India) Ltd., 320, Lingha Chetty Street, Madras 1.

William Jacks & Co. Ltd., National Bank Buildings, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Engineering Goods

Adair Dutt & Co. Ltd., 1/29, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Batliboi & Co., 3/153, Broadway, Madras 1.

Easun Engineering Co. Ltd., 5/7, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Greaves Cotton & Co. Ltd., 2, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Jayems Engineering Co., 41, Lingha Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Orr & Sons Ltd., P., 199, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Simpson & Co. Ltd., 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Vivekananda Industrial Engineers, Madhavaram High Road, Sembiam, Madras 11.

William Jacks & Co. Ltd., National Bank Buildings, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Furniture Dealers & Hirers

Curzon & Co., 97, Wallajah Road (Round Thana), Madras 2.

Godrej Boyce Manufacturing Co. Ltd., 163-b, Broadway, Madras 1.

Gopaul Pillay & Co. N., 30, Mount Road, Madras 2.

San Thome Orphanage & Industrial School, 118, San Thome High Road, Mylapore, Madras 4.

Spencer & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Wrenn Bennett & Co. Ltd., 32, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Minor Establishments in Rattan Bazaar, Madras 1.

Glasses and Glasswares

Bawa Glass Co., 52, Devaraja Mudali Street, Madras 3.

Peer Mohamed & Co., 287, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Poppat Jamal & Sons, Broadway, Madras 1.

Shivji & Co., K.S., 178/179, Broadway, Madras 1.

Hardware Merchants

Badruddin & Co., A.M., 23, Lingha Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Batliboi & Co., 3/153, Broadway, Madras 1.

Chandrakant & Co., B., 2/153, Broadway, Madras 1.

Galia Kotwala & Co., Ltd., 4/153, Broadway, Madras 1.

Indian Commerce & Industries Co. Ltd., 95, Broadway, Madras 1.

Marshall Sons & Co. (India) Ltd., 9, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Orr & Sons Ltd., P., 199, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Jewellers & Diamond Merchants

Bapalal & Co., "Ramakoti Buildings", Rattan Bazaar, Madras 3.

Govindarajalu Naidu, T., 28, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 3.

Jain Jewellery Co., The, 1, Nageswara Rao Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Orr & Sons, Ltd., P., 199, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Pasumarthy Cunniah Chetty & Sons, 218, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Surajmals, 313, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Veecumsee, 112, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 3.

Vummidiar, 25, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 3.

Many other shops in Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road.

Leather Goods

Chamber & Co., "Lecot's Buildings", Errabalu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Durable Chrome Factory, Broadway, Madras 1.

Punt & Co., Broadway, Madras 1.

Ratna & Co., Esplanade, Madras 1.

Reptile House, 161, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Motor Cars & Motor Cycles

Addison & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Ashok Motors Ltd., (City Office) 13, Haddows Road, Nungambakkam, Madras 6.

Bharat Motors, "Khaleeli Mansions", Mount Road, Madras 2.

Dadaji Dhackjee & Co. Ltd., General Patters Road, Mount Road, Madras 2.

George Oakes Ltd., 36-d, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Lakshman Prasad & Sons, Etc, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Madras Motors Ltd., The, 4/9, Broadway, Madras 1.

Sundaram Motors Ltd., 37, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Union Co. (Motors) Ltd., 29, Mount Road, Madras 2.

V.S.T. Motors Ltd., 150, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Motor Spare Parts & Other Accessories

Addison & Co. Ltd., 158, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Associated Traders, General Patters Road, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Auto Parts Trading Co., General Patters Road, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Central Auto Parts Co., 26, General Patters Road, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Dunlop Rubber Co. (India) Ltd., The, 4/29, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Goodyear Tyre & Rubber Co. of India Ltd., 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Madras Motors Ltd., 4/9, Broadway, Madras 1.

Oldham & Son (India) Ltd., 21, Alandur Road, St. Thomas' Mount, Madras 16.

Simpson & Co. Ltd., 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Sundaram Motors Ltd., 37, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Paper Merchants

Advani & Co. Ltd., J.B., Loane Square, Broadway, Madras 1.

Chelvaranga Mudaliar & Sons, T., Stringers Street, Madras 1.

Dalmia Cement & Paper Marketing Co. Ltd., 42/C, Top Flat, Harrington Road, Chetput, Madras 10.

General Papers Ltd., 16, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Hussain Ali Sons, M., 50, Bunder Street, Madras 1.

John Dickinson & Co. [illegible], Loane Square, Broadway, Madras 1.

Kumber Ali & Bros., M., 1/D, [illegible] Street, Madras 1.

Nanjappa Chetty & Sons, P.S., 2/34, Mint Street, Madras 3.

Natesan Chetty, Copparam, 59, Anderson Street, Madras 1.

South India Export Co. Ltd., 4, Mclean Street, Madras 1.

Perumal Chetty & Sons, V., Stringers St., Madras 1.

Parsram Jethanand & Co., 3, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Star Trading Co., 58, Anderson Street, Madras 1.

Perfumers & Toilet Dealers

Calcutta Chemicals Co. Ltd., 5/149, Broadway, Madras 1.

Ganga Works, City Office, 87, Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 3.

Geoffrey Manners & Co. Ltd., 43, Moore Street, Madras 1.

Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Co. Ltd., 163-d, Broadway, Madras 1.

James Perfumery Co., 1/5, Whannels Road, Egmore, Madras 8.

James Wright Ltd., 56, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Lever Brothers India Ltd., 11/14, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Rangachari Perfumeries, A.R., City Office, 87, Nyneappa Naick Street, Madras 1.

Rathod Trading Co., 21, Tholasingam Street, Sowcarpet, Madras 1.

Tomco Sales Depot, Vaniar Street, Madras 1.

Vijaya Chemicals & Toilet Works, 15, Clemens Road, Purasawalkam, Madras 7.

Viswanadham & Co., S., 44, Bunder Street, Madras 1.

Photographers & Dealers in Photographic Goods

Adair Dutt & Co. (India) Ltd., 1/29, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Allied Photographers Ltd., 16, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Ama Ltd., 189-b, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Ilford Selo (India) Ltd., 2/3, Woods Road, Madras 2.

Klein & Peyrl, 30, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Kodak Ltd., 2/155, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Madras Photo Stores, 186, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Mahomed Ebrahim & Co. Ltd., "Meco Studio", ?/18-c, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Photo News Agency, 18, General Patters Road, Madras 2.

Vale & Co., K.G., 23, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Vaman Studios, Spur Tank Road, Chetput

Printers

Associated Printers, 165, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Artisan Press Ltd., 17, General Patters Road, Madras 2.

Caxton Press, Chinnathambi Street, Madras 1.

Central Art Press, "Acton Lodge", 11, Mc Nichol Road, Chetput, Madras 10.

Commercial Printing & Publishing House, 46, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Diocesan Press, Church Road, Vepery, Madras 7.

Gordon Press, 768/770, Triplicane High Road, Triplicane, Madras 5.

Hoe & Co., Stringers Street, Madras 1.

Jupiter Press Ltd., Sembudoss Street, Madras 1.

Madras Publishing House Ltd., 19, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Modern Printers, The, 90, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Rangam Bros., 13, General Patters Road, Madras [illegible]

Soar Printers, The, 30, Wallajah Road, Madras 2.

Thompson & Co., Ltd., 33, Broadway, Madras 1.

United Printers Syndicate Ltd., 42, Broadway, Madras 1.

Um Printers, 4/32, Thathamuthiappan Street, Madras 1.

Printing Machinery & Allied Materials

Advani & Co. Ltd., J. B., Loane Square, Broadway, Madras 1.

Chaso & Co., 30, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Choks Bros., Dinroze Estate, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Indo-European Machinery Co., Ltd., 35/3, Mount Road, Madras 2.

International Paper Co., 25, Broadway, Madras 1.

Jai Hind Type Foundry, 28, Vadamalai Maistry Street, Kondithope, Madras 1.

John Dickinson & Co. Ltd., Loane Square, Broadway, Madras 1.

Linotype & Machinery Ltd., 10/29, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Madras Type Foundry, 38, Jones Street, Broadway, Madras 1.

Monotype Corporation Ltd., The Mercantile Bank Buildings, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Nanco Printinks, 2, Guindy Road, Madras 20.

Nelson & Co., (Office), Swami Pillai Street, Choolai, Madras 7.

Newton & Co., 80, Wallajah Road, Madras 2.

Newton Type Foundry, 80, Wallajah Road, Madras 2.

Orr & Co. K., 40, Chinnathambi Street, Madras 1.

Parons & Whittemore (India) Ltd., 38, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Printers House Ltd., 199, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Swadesi Type Foundry, 51, Guruvappa Chetty Street, Chintadripet, Madras 2.

United Printers Syndicate Ltd., 42, Broadway, Madras 1.

Wilson & C., North Railway Terminus Road, Royapuram, Madras 13.

Radio Dealers

A.C.E.C. (India) Ltd., 19/21, Muker Nallamuthu Street, Madras 1.

Addison & Co. Ltd., 158 Mount Road, Madras 2.

Chicago Telephone & Radio Co. Ltd., 196, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Crompton Engineering Co. Ltd., Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

General Electric Co. (India) Ltd., 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

General Radio & Appliances Ltd., 18/20, Budaperumal Naicken Street Mount Road, Madras 2.

I.A.E.C. (Madras) Ltd., 2/17G, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Janshi & Co., G., 163, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Mahomed Ebrahim & Co. Ltd., Victory House, 8, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Orr & Sons Ltd., P., 199, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Phillips Electricals (India) Ltd., 40/41, Moore Street, Madras 1.

Rajagopalan & Co. Ltd., V. S., 195, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Simpson & Co. Ltd., 202, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Spencer & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Thomas & Co. (India) Ltd., A. V., 2/21; First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Wireless Sales & Service Co., 1/11-A Mount Road, Madras 2.

Sanitary Engineers

Joshi & Co., Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

King & Co., 321, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Raval & Co., 306, Linghi Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Swamy & Co., Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Scientific Instruments

Adair Dutt & Co. (India) Ltd., 1/29, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Central Scientific Co. Ltd., Tambaram.

Free India Scientific Co., Chetty Street, Saidapet Madras 15.

Orr & Co. Ltd., P., 199, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Scientific Instrument Co. Ltd., 30, Mount Road, Madras 2.

United Scientific Co., 9, Sunkurama Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Opticians

Ernest Barnes, 197, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Davey & Sons, S. U. S., 4/20, Broadway, Madras 1.

Devchand, C. K., 4, Broadway, Madras 1.

Gem Opticals (Surajmals), Umpherson Street, Madras 1.

Lawrence & Mayo (India) Ltd., 17, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Manilal Mehta & Co., 8, Broadway, Madras 1.

Radha Bros., 174, Broadway, Madras 1.

Sewing Machines

Singer Sewing Machines, 9, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Usha Sewing Machines, 1, Molony Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17.

Silk, Woollen & Cotton Goods

Buckingham & Carnatic Mills, show room, Rattan Bazaar, Madras 3.

Chellaram Gianchand, 86, Wallajah Road, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Indian Industrial Co. Ltd., 363, Esplanade, Madras 1.

Kishinchand Chellaram, 181, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Kishinchand Chellaram, 77/72, Rattan Bazaar, Madras 1.

Lilaram, 254, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Madras Handloom Weavers' Co-operative Society, Esplanade, Madras 1 and Wallajah Road, Madras 2.

(and a number of other shops at Rattan Bazaar and Esplanade, Pycrofts Road, Triplicane; Luz, Mylapore; Pondy Bazaar, T. Nagar; etc.).

Sports Goods

Pioneer Sports (India) Ltd., 199, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Uberoi Ltd., 22, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Shoemakers

Bata Shoe Co. Ltd., Broadway, Mount Road, and numerous branches in the city.

Durable Chrome Factory, Broadway, Madras 1.

Flex Shoes, 323, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Punt & Co., Broadway, Madras 1.

Ratna & Co., Esplanade, Madras 1.

Other Establishments at Broadway, Madras 1.

Stationers

Damodar Envelope Factory, 26, Thambu Chetty Street, Madras 1.

Higginbothams (Madras) Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Natham & Co., P. R., 2/285, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Office Equipment Co., Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Perumal Chetty & Son, V., 3, Stringers Street, Madras 1.

Spencer & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Statorium, 1, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Timber Merchants

Abdulla Sahib, N. V., 46, Sydenhams Road, Periamet, Madras 3; 63/64, Basin Bridge Road, Madras 1; 88, Barber's Bridge Road, Madras 4.

Abdul Razack Sahib, P., 55, Sydenham's Road, Periamet, Madras 3.

Alwar Nadar, U., 89, Barber's Bridge Road, Madras 4.

Devar & Co., 30, Boag Road, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17; 52, Sydenham's Road, Periamet, Madras 3.

Madras Timber Trading Co., 76, Sydenham's Road, Periamet, Madras 3.

Malabar Timber Co., 59, Sydenham's Road, Periamet, Madras 3.

Mammaly Sons, 4-B, Basin Bridge Road, Madras 1.

Sembiam Saw Mills, Ltd., Huzur Gardens, Madhavaram High Road, Madras 11.

Numerous other Depots at Sydenham's Road, Periamet, Basin Bridge Road and Barber's Bridge Road.

Travel Agents

Thomas Cook & Son Ltd., 4/5, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Bharat Travel Service Ltd., 11 & 12, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Binny & Co. Ltd., Armenian St., Madras 1.

The Big Mosque, Triplicane.

Ram Mohan & Co. Ltd., 362, Esplanade, Madras 1.

Sri Rama Vilas Service Ltd., "Dinroze Estate", Mount Road, Madras 2.

Sugesan & Co. Ltd., 109, Moore Street, Madras 1.

Sheriff & Sons, M., 227, Angappa Naick Street, Madras 1; 31, General Patters Road, Madras 2.

Typewriters & Accessories

Addison & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Gestetner & Co. Ltd., 12/35, 'Khaleeli Mansions', Mount Road, Madras 2.

Rayala Corporation (Madras) Ltd., 155, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Remington Rand (Inc.), 12/35, 'Khaleeli Mansions', Mount Road, Madras 2.

South India Corporation (Madras) Ltd., Sembudoss Street, Madras 1.

Typewriter Mart, Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Typewriter & Office Appliances Ltd., Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Underwood Typewriters, 2/29, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Volkart Bros., Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Refrigerators & Water Coolers

Blue Star Engineering Co. (Madras) Ltd., 23/24, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Addison & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Mahomed Ebrahim & Co. Ltd., "Victory House", Mount Road, Madras 2.

Richardson & Cruddas Ltd., First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Remington Air Conditioning Equipment, 9, Second Line Beach, Madras 1.

Spencer & Co. Ltd., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Thomas & Co. (India) Ltd., A. V., 2/21, First Line Beach, Madras 1.

Volkart Bros., Armenian Street, Madras 1.

Watches, Clocks, Time-pieces, etc.

E. A. Watch & Co., 28/30, Rattan Bazaar Road, Madras 1.

Gani & Sons, 55, Rattan Bazaar, Madras 3.

Harska (Madras) Ltd., Purushotham Buildings, Mount Road, Madras 2.

Jalal & Sons, 46, Rattan Bazaar, Madras 3.

Khader & Yousuf Bros., 58/59, Rattan Bazaar Road, Madras 3.

Mubarak & Co., 61, Rattan Bazaar Road, Madras 1.

Orr & Sons Ltd., P., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Umbrellas

Ebrahim Currim & Sons, 251/253, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Sait Nagjee Purushotham & Co. Ltd., 3/21, Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road, Madras 1.

Wine Merchants

Spencer & Co., Mount Road, Madras 2.

Parry & Co. Ltd., Parry's Corner, Madras 1.

Prince & Co., Raja Annamalai Chettiar Road, Purasawalkam, Madras 7.

FOR THE PILGRIM

Profoundly interwoven into the pattern of everyday life are, of course, the ceremonies, festivities and pilgrimages of the Hindus. South India, and particularly the Madras Presidency, are noted for the numerous ancient and modern shrines dedicated to worship and, because so many travellers stopping in Madras are enroute to one or the other of these beautiful temples, a brief history and description of them is given in this Guide.

In the George Town area, in close proximity to each other, are the four temples described below:

Chennakeswara Perumal Temple

Popularly known as the "Patnam Koil", this temple houses the twin Gods Chenna Kesava and Chenna Malleswara, and is near Flower Bazaar. It is the oldest temple built within the area of the English settlement of Madras, a reference to it being made in the records of the East India Company, as early as 1652.

Mallikeswara Temple

In Lingha Chetty Street is the above-named temple with an imposing pagoda which can be seen from Netaji Subas Chandra Bose Road near the High Court. Mention of it is also included in the old English records about the settlement of Madras.

Ekambareswara Temple

Located on Mint Street, this is a shrine dedicated to Lord Siva and was built by one Alangatha Pillai towards the close of the 17th century. It is one of the four main temples of George Town area.

Kandaswamy Temple

On Rasappa Chetti Street is a shrine dedicated to Lord Subramanya. The Tamil Saint and philosopher, Ramalingaswami, has sung many devotional songs in praise of the presiding deity of this temple.

Parthasarathi Temple, Triplicane

Said to be the most important temple in Madras City, it is also among the oldest, since early inscriptions from the eighth century have been discovered here. Since Lord Krishna was charioteer to Arjuna during the great Mahabharata war, He is named Parthasarathi, the latter half of the name denoting driver, the first, 'Partha' being another name for Arjuna. Amongst the exceptionally fine carvings and idols, in the inner 'sanctum' of the temple, are the representations of Sri Parthasarathi with His consort Rukmini, Balarama, (elder brother of Sri Krishna), Satyaki, (the younger brother of Sri Krishna), Sankarshana and Aniruddha. Moulded of some dark metal other than the alloy of the five metals used for such sacred images, the figure of Parthasarathi is scarred with the arrow-wounds He received in the epic battle of the Mahabharata.

In the tank to the east of the temple is a rather peculiar phenomenon said to be due to a curse of a sage of olden times whose prayers and penances on the banks of the tank were interrupted by the fish. Consequently no fish can live in the water of the tank.

Kapaleeswarar Temple, Mylapore

'Mylapurie' means the town of the Peacock. A fascinating legend describes its origin, that of Goddess Parvati worshipping Lord Siva in the form of a peacock in order to obtain deliverance. Her idol depicting this scene stands in the north corridor of the temple. Then there is a shrine in the west courtyard which is another beautiful and interesting representation of Gnanasambanda, a saint who brought a cremated Chetty girl back to life by chanting a lyric in praise of God. A shrine is also here in memory of the great Tamilian poet Tiruvalluvar, and of Avvayar, who was lifted into heaven by God Ganesa. A lovely ornamental tank surrounds the temple.

NS1 4819

Thyagaraja Temple, Tiruvottiyur

Five miles north of Madras are two renowned temples, one owing its sanctity to the miracles said to have been worked in the locality by the Hindu ascetic, Pattinatthu Pillaiyar (Pattinathar), whose idol is placed in the east tower of the temple. The other shrine is equally famous for it was here that Saint Sundarar wooed and won one of his two consorts, Sangili, whom he met at the temple. The religious importance of this place is so great that even the Chola kings of the south are said to have attended its festivals. The local temple contains a shrine dedicated to Lord Thyagaraja.

Vadapalani Temple, Kodambakkam

A temple dedicated to Lord Subrahmanya of the Dandayuthapani style at Vadapalani in Kodambakkam Division is of recent fame and streams of pilgrims are visiting it, particularly on "Krithigai" days. To cope with the rush of traffic, Government are also running special buses as a shuttle service from Kodambakkam Railway station to the temple.

Tiruvanmiyur Temple, Tiruvanmiyur, Adyar

To the south of the Adyar Division of the City, is the quiet sea-side village of Tiruvanmiyur, and an ancient Siva Temple. The place is even popular for the arranging of quiet marriage functions by those who shun the din and bustle of the life in the city.

Tirupati

Tirupati, situated just about a hundred miles away from Madras, attracts pilgrims from both north and south India, for they flock to this place, all the year round, crossing the seven mountains to have **'darshan'** of Lord Venkateswara, whose temple is built on the very top-most peak of a hill about 2,000 feet high.

Until recently, pilgrims had to trudge wearily up the steep steps and cross the seven hills. But now

conditions are different. These old steps still remain for those who are too orthodox to take the modern means of conveyance. The temple authorities have now put up a fine motorable road, and buses, taxis and private cars go winding up carrying full loads of pilgrims.

The seven peaks are said to represent the seven hoods of the king of serpents, Adisesha. Founded by King Parikshit of Mahabharata fame, the deity of this temple is said to free his devotees from all kinds of diseases and troubles. The beginning, the middle and end of this group are presided over by the Trinity of Gods, Brahma, Vishnu and Siva.

Pilgrims desirous of visiting Tirupati can either go by train, changing at Renigunta Junction or by the Government Transport bus, which takes them right to the foot of the hills. Tickets for the bus can be obtained in advance from the Government Transport Office, Body Guard's Road, Madras.

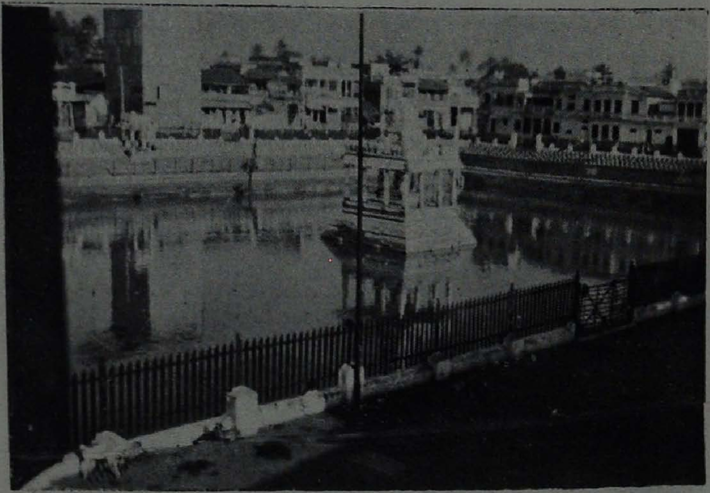
Just opposite the Tirupati Railway station is a very fine choultry with all conveniences managed by the Devastanam authorities. Advance notice of an intended visit sent to the Superintendent, Devastanam Choultry, Tirupati, would readily secure comfortable rooms. Special buses starting from here take the pilgrims up the hills where there are additional choultries also under the Devastanam authorities, as well as private individuals. With the exception of the special room, there is no charge. The Devastanam authorities are eager to provide all possible conveniences for the pilgrims.

There is also a temple of Govindarajaswami in lower Tirupati.

Tiruchanur (Chirutamur)

Pilgrims visiting Tirupati go to Tiruchanur also, a place three miles distance. Here there is a temple dedicated to Alamelumangai, a consort of the God at Tirupati.

Sri Kapaleeswarar Temple and Tank, Mylapore.



Tank of the Sri Parthasarathi Temple, Triplicane.

Kalahasti

Enroute from Tirupati, in either direction, this temple can conveniently be visited. It marks the place where the Tamil Saint Kannappan attained eternal bliss as a result of his bhakti and worship.

Tirukalikundram

This sacred place, otherwise called **Pakshithirtham,** is situated at a distance of about forty miles from Madras and nine miles from Chingleput; it derives its name from two kites that are said to worship the presiding deity Lord Vedagireeswara, whose temple is built on the summit of a hillock about 500 feet in height. The two kites are said to be two sages who had sinned, were cursed by God and transformed into kites, and every mid-day they are fed and worship at the hillside in order to obtain their salvation. Enroute they are said to make a similar halt on the rock known as Mahadevamalai, about eight miles east of Gudivattam, North Arcot District.

A monolithic cave to the east of the hill is also very interesting and seems to have been intended as a place of worship for the three gods of the Hindu Trinity—Brahma, Vishnu and Siva. But in the passing of the years it has been neglected and no ceremonial worship takes place although pilgrims do bow before the uncared-for LINGA which is believed to represent Siva who cursed the two sages dwelling on the hill to become Kites. It is a curiosity to observe the signatures in Roman characters of a large number of Dutch visitors, for the Dutch writer, Havart, and companions visited the hill in 1681 and saw then two sacred birds being fed by the priest at mid-day. A Tamil inscription on the pillars of the verandah suggests that the cave must have come into existence in the time of the Pallava king Vatapikonda—Narasingappottaraja about the end of the 7th century.

The place is also known as **Vedagiri,** for one is told the Vedas worshipped God here. Indra, the guardian of the east, according to another legend, is

also supposed to have worshipped the deity here, and once in twelve years, he is said to visit this hill-shrine. On this occasion it is said that a conch emanates from the holy tank attached to the temple.

There are a number of choultries provided for convenience of pilgrims and those desirous of visiting this spot are advised to go to Chingleput and from thence by bus.

Seven miles distant is Mahabalipuram (Seven Pagodas), a place worthy of visiting for both worship or excursion, and a description is given in one of the earlier pages of this book.

Kancheepuram (Conjeevaram)

Kancheepuram, about 45 miles from Madras, one of the seven holy cities in India, is very important as a place sacred to both Siva and Vishnu. It abounds with a number of temples dedicated to these Gods and the inscriptions found on the walls of the temples give distant traces of the existence of Saivism, Vaishnavism, Buddhism and Jainism in the past.

Sri Kamakshi Amman Temple is considered to be important since the Goddess is depicted in the form of a **yantra** (geometrical figures enclosing mystic letters). Here the **chakra** of the **yantra** is placed in front of the idol and it is said Sri Sankaracharya, whose image also is worshipped in the temple, had put up a **peetam** in front of the deity and worshipped Her, thereby bringing back the power of the deity.

Sri Ekambaranatha temple is dedicated to Siva and sculptural figures on the walls describe the destruction of **kama** (lust) by Siva. The shrine has a mango tree to which great sanctity is attached for Siva is said to have appeared to Goddess Parvathi under this tree in response to her prayers.

At Sri Varadaraja temple, stuated on a hillock called Hastigiri, Brahma is said to have performed a sacrifice. This temple is historically important as it was the place of worship of King Atchutaroya

of Vijayanagar and his dynasty, as well as for very many kings of India.

The inscription on the slab in front of the Thaayar shrine details Aurangazeb's expedition against the Mahrattas of the south and its effects on Kancheepuram, and on this temple in particular.

In Vaikuntaperumal temple, various forms of Vishnu are depicted in sculpture, and the Vaishnava saint Tirumangai Alwar had composed several songs in praise of the deity there. It is here that Poigai Alwar was born. An important and interesting feature of this temple is that the central shrine has tiers of three shrines, one over the other, with figures of Vishnu in each shrine.

Other temples in this town are dedicated both to Siva and Vishnu.

Recently many local buses have been supplied for this area.

Srirangam

Situated three miles to the north of Trichinopoly on the metre gauge chord line of the Southern Railways, Srirangam is a very important place of pilgrimage. The **Ekadasi** of every month attracts many from far and near, and the **Vaikunta Ekadasi,** a day of great importance, brings lakhs and lakhs of pilgrims congregating from all parts of the country for worshipping the deity.

It is said that Sri Narayana lay on the bosom of the waters at the end of the great deluge. There he dedicated the active creations, created the Universe, from which arose space, atmosphere, fire and water in sequence. From His navel was born the Golden Lotus with Brahma, who in turn evolved the Vedas and the creation of men and animals. Brahma, perplexed at the anomalies of life, prayed unto Sri Narayana who appeared to him in the shape of Sri Ranganatha, recumbent on the coils of Adisesha with His consorts and the whole of creation worshipping

at His feet. The idol in the temple depicts this incident.

The town is built according to a definite plan. With the temple in the centre, streets are formed in squares around it in accordance with the Hindu **silpasastras.** The second enclosure has the famous thousand-pillared hall, the piers of which are of a single block of one stone, bearing elaborate carvings.

Tiruchirapalli (Trichinopoly)

Tiruchirapalli stands at the head of the delta formed by the Cauvery and its main tributary Coleroon. It is near this place that the life-giving river of the south, Cauvery, is at its broadest. The three famous temples here are the Rock Fort temple of Tiruchirapalli proper, the Siva temple at Jumbukeswaram and the Vishnu temple of Ranganatha at Srirangam.

The shrine at Golden Rock may also be visited. It is a suburb of Tiruchirapalli, which does repair and manufacture work for the Southern Railway.

Mathurai (Madura)

Mathurai, once the mighty capital of the ancient Pandyan kingdom and famous as a city of Tamil literature and conferences of scholars, is a sacred place, for this place has a temple, wherein is represented God Siva dancing as Nataraja with the right foot on the ground. In all other representations, he stands with his left foot down.

It is said that Dananjaya, a merchant, observed Indra worshipping Swayambu (Self-Creater) Linga, and reported this fact to the King, who immediately cleared the forest and built the temple and the beautiful city around it strictly observing the science of architecture in their construction.

In ancient days, Indra, incurring the displeasure of Brihaspati, visited the God at Mathurai to expiate his sins on the day of **Chitrapaurnami.** In honour of this event, the shrine of Sundareswara is supported by the **Ashta gajas**—eight elephants, and the festival

Chitrapaurnami is considered highly important. It was here that the Goddess reincarnated herself as Minakshi, the daughter of the Pandya King, and the God Sundareswara is said to have sought her hand in marriage.

The temple is a very huge structure with a number of **mantapams** in and around it, the walls of which are rich with inscriptions of great historical value. The **Vasanta mantapam** has a row of pillars with statues of ten of the Nayak kings of Mathurai with their wives. Elaborate sculptures of various forms such as that of Siva and of the marriage scene of Parvati—Kalyanasundara, and of Sundareswara as a sow feeding a number of young pigs are all worthy of admiration.

Chidambaram. (Its temples and University)

At Chidambaram, is an ancient Siva temple, where the God is depicted as executing his world-famous "Death Dance." The Lord of the temple thus appropriately bears the name of Nataraja, the King among dancers. Tradition says that the well-known Tamil saint and devotee, born of the low Harijan class, Nandanar, attained beatitude in the '**sanctum sanctorum**' of this temple.

Within the walls of the Nataraja temple is also a shrine of the Vishnu deity Govindaraja, suggesting that those who planned the temple wanted to be impartial to the two main sects among Hindus, the Saivites and the Vaishnavites.

A recent additional attraction is the Annamalai University which perpetuates in brick and mortar the philanthropic propensities of the late Raja Sir Annamalai Chettiar of Chettinad.

Tanjore

The great Brihadeeswaran Temple at Tanjore is known more for the excellence of its Chola architecture, and this more than any other feature is likely to interest the pilgrims, because purely as a place

of worship, it is now defunct. A great bull of gigantic proportions always impresses every visitor with its massiveness.

Rameswaram

Rameswaram derives its name from Sri Rama and is sanctified because of the installation of a **lingham** by Sri Rama himself. From ancient times its sacredness has been recognised by all sects of the Hindu community. It is said that Rama, because of the sin he had committed in killing Ravana, who was the son of a Brahmin by a Rakshasa woman, was advised by the Rishis to establish a **lingam** on the Gandamadhana hill, whereon Rameswaram stands. Rama wanted Hanuman to get a **lingam** from the sacred river Narmada and since the latter did not return by the auspicious time, he himself installed a **lingam** made of sand, calling it Ramalinga or Ramanatha. Hanuman on his return became very angry, but on Rama's advice, installed his **lingam** a little to the north calling it Hanuman lingam.

The **sthala purana** speaks of twenty-four **tirthas** or sacred waters, existing within the small island, fourteen of which are in the form of tanks and wells within the precincts of the temple. The Sethumadhavar shrine sacred to God Vishnu is visited by pilgrims throughout the year, for it is said that here God Vishnu appeared in the form of a Brahmin, Sethumadhavar and seduced Gunanidhi, daughter of the Pandyan king. Gunanidhi, supposed to be another aspect of Goddess Lakshmi, was married to Sethumadhavar who was imprisoned before the marriage by the king, who, however, was later informed of the God's incarnation.

To bathe in the sea of Rameswaram at the junction of the Indian Ocean and the Bay of Bengal, is considered very sacred, for it was at this junction that Sri Rama is said to have destroyed the invincible project with his **Kodanda**, for people complained to him that the Rakshasas of Lanka might cross over through this project and harm them.

Palani (Palni)

The temple at Palani of God Subrahmanya stands on a picturesque hill, and the idol Palani Andavar is an infant aspect of Subrahmanya. It is said that God gave the hillocks Sakthi and Siva which were in Mount Kailas to Sage Agastya in order that he might worship both of them as Goddess and God. The sage entrusted this task of bringing the hillocks from the north to the south to Idumban, an Asura, initiating him with certain **mantras** so that he might do the task with ease. Idumban went to the hillocks and offered **puja** feeling anxious as to how he might lift them. **Danda** or stick of Brahma suddenly stood over the hillocks and with the snakes of the earth serving the purposes of rope, enabled Idumban to carry the hillocks by tying them to the rod. Idumban carried the rod with the hillocks hanging on both sides in the form of **Kavadi,** but while nearing the forest at Palani, he placed them on the ground to rest a while. On attempting to lift them, he found to his amazement that they were fixed to the ground. As he went over the higher hillock Sivagiri to ascertain the reason he noticed a youth with stick in hand and wearing only underwear; this was, of course, no other than God Skanda in disguise. The God claimed the hills as his own and in the altercation between him and Idumban, the latter fell senseless to the ground. He was restored to life by the boy Skanda upon the appeal from Idumban's wife. Idumban then prayed to be allowed to stand at the portal for ever as **Dvarapala.** He also wanted that all those who worshipped God offering vows in the **Kavadi** form should be fully blessed by him. These boons were granted and it is from that time that the temple over the hill was constructed with the deity in the form in which he then appeared to Idumban, Idumban being at the portal. People in difficulties always resort to this **Kavadi** worship and congregate in thousands carrying **Kavadis** to expiate their sins.

Cape Comorin (Kanya Kumari)

Cape Comorin or **Kanya Kumari** is the southernmost tip of the Indian peninsula jutting into the seas. In order to go there, the visitor must break his journey at Mathurai and proceed south into Travancore State. By bus or car from Trivandrum, which is the State's capital as well as the terminus of the Southern Railway, one can proceed to the Cape.

Many natural and thrilling beauties at the Cape attract the visitor as indeed, they did our Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who expressed his exuberant appreciation when he visited the place.

Other places

Other places of worship round about Madras are Tiruvallur (28 miles from Madras) with a famous Vaishnavite temple. En route to it, Tinnanur (Tiru Ninraiyur), is a place dedicated to both Siva and Vishnu. Sriperumbudur, also a Vaishnavite temple, is approximately a distance of 25 miles on the Madras-Kancheepuram bus route. Tiruporur, with a Saivite temple is a distance of about 25 miles to the south of Madras, and Tirutani with Lord Subrahmanya temple on a hillock may be found some 50 miles to the west of Madras.

Pilgrims desirous of visiting the important places of worship in South India are advised to take them in the following order:

Leave Madras by the Indo-Ceylon Express reaching Chidambaram in the early hours of the morning; thence to Srirangam, Mathurai, Rameswaram, and back again to Mathurai to go to Trivandrum, from where one can then reach Cape Comorin by bus. From Trivandrum, one may return to Dindigul and from this point one may proceed to Palani.